



**IRMA TIMES**  
Every Home in the  
District. Full of Interest to  
Farmer and Oil Prospector

# IRMA TIMES

Vol. 16; No. 3.

Irma, Alberta, Friday, February 12th, 1932

\$2.00 per year in advance; 5c per copy.

**IRMA**  
Centre of the Best Mixed  
Farming territory and the  
Richest Oil Field in Alberta.

## FARMERS FAIL IN HOCKEY TILT

Last Saturday the Farmer hockey team invaded the rink with their dusty sticks and race horses to be defeated 7 to 1. They played the Irma aggregation in great style. Their skating was well performed, but their sticks—oh how they used them. Kenny thought he was cutting wood several times. Wayne was in his old glory but somehow he could not do as well as he had wished to. The Lucken brothers played a sparkling game, Francis scoring the Hayseed's lone tally.

The Farmers' hockey team consisted of Frank Matheson, Wayne Mitchell, Cliff Bruno, F. Luken, B. Luken, Alex Smallwood and Stuart Fen-ton.

The Irma line up was Chas. Deet, Herbert Larson, Ed Sharkey, Clifford Smallwood, Ralph Schonert, Frank Maguire, Bob Maguire, and B. Gulbraa.

The Farmer hockey squad was dazzled with the speed and stick handling which Midget Bob Maguire displayed in their match. The Farmers tried to scatter hay seeds on the ice to stop him, but alas, in vain.

The next game will be on the rink Saturday afternoon, February 13th, when they will turn out in full force to rule the Irma team. It will be a good game, so let us turn out and support them.

### HOCKEY NEWS

The game between the Lions and Tigers which was to be played last Monday evening was cancelled owing to F. Maguire having his skate broken in the game with the Farmers on Saturday. However the game next Thursday promises to be up to all expectations when the teams will attempt to pile up another win.

### ASSIGNMENT IS MADE

**GRAIN COMPANY**  
Assignment in bankruptcy was made Monday afternoon by the Mitchell Grain Co., Ltd. with liabilities scheduled at nearly \$85,000. Assets are principally book debts due listed at \$150,000, but it is difficult to estimate how much of this amount is collectable.

Trade fixtures are valued at \$1400 but the firm's seat on the Winnipeg Grain exchange and clearing house shares are hypothecated to the Bank of Montreal as security for a debt of \$16,500.

Mitchell Grain Co. Ltd. is not connected with other companies bearing similar names.

### 30 DAYS' NOTICE

#### TO CONCLUDE TERM OF TEACHERS ASKED

Directed at present restrictions of the School act which limit termination of a teacher's agreement to two months of the year, a resolution was passed by the Alberta School Trustees' association convention Thursday asking that either teacher or school board may terminate the agreement by giving 30 days' notice, and that no other formalities be required.

The resolution was passed unanimously without discussion.

Present regulations have been unpopular with many boards since their inclusion in the act. They provide that a board may give notice only in the month of June and a teacher, in the months of June and July. At any other time the board must have the consent of the inspector.

Addition of elementary bookkeeping to the grade 7 and 8 curricula was also requested by resolution. G. F. McNally of the department of education, explained that this subject was dropped some years ago to lighten the course.

A resolution asking repeal of the regulations limiting purchase, by a board of a trustee's goods or services to the sum of \$10 was defeated after a warm debate.

Another resolution requesting that only resident ratepayers be allowed to vote for, or hold office as a school trustee was returned to the committee for re-drafting. It had majority support of the delegates.

The regular W. M. S. meeting will be held on Thursday afternoon, Feb. 18th, at the home of Mrs. Locke.

## ITEMS FROM AVONDALE DIST.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Cooper went to Edmonton on Saturday last week to consult a specialist, they returned on Monday evening.

Avondale Jrs. met on February 6th with 14 members present. Roll call was answered by naming a Canadian writer and some of his work. Nearly all responded with a different Canadian writer and had a few words to say on his work. Two items on the program had to be omitted, a paper by Annie Ford who was not present, a duet by Misses Fischer and Dutton as Miss Dutton was spending the week-end in Edmonton. The older girls decided to meet on Feb. 20th at the school to finish the Red Cross quilt and a quilt for the Local Misses Fischer, Marion Carrington and Annie Ford were chosen as a committee to arrange for a play if enough characters can be induced to take part. After sing song a sumptuous lunch served by Meta and Emma Cooper and Florence Allen brought the afternoon to a close. The next meeting will be on March 6th.

Miss Fischer is putting on a Novelty Masquerade at Avondale school on Feb. 26th (twenty sixth). This promises to be the event of the season, weather permitting. Everyone come in your favorite representation or comic suit and have a try for the prizes.

Mrs. Arnold is having a quantity of grain hauled off the farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Whitley Sr. have a new radio installed.

Avondale UFWA are meeting with Mrs. Schone on Feb. 18th.

Miss Leslie, teacher at Passchendale, spent the week-end in Edmonton.

Several of the Juniors went to the Ford home after the meeting on Saturday to enjoy skating.

### FOR ARCHER.

We wish to give thanks to all who helped to soften the blow when our dear loved son was suddenly taken from us. We cannot repay those who loving labors took from our shoulders the burden of the last preparations for our loved one. The floral tributes accepted in his name because of the flowers he loved may God bless you all, may we all be equally ready when our call comes.

—Mr. and Mrs. Chas. W. Smith; son William, and daughter Ruby.

### CARD OF THANKS.

I wish to take this opportunity of thanking the ratepayers for their splendid support in the recent election for Councillor for the Village of Irma. I assure you I will make every effort to discharge my duties to the best interest of the ratepayers. I thank you.—G. A. TRIPP.

### BEER PARLOR VOTE UNLIKELY

**FOR 1932 OBSERVERS CLAIM**  
There is little likelihood of a plebiscite on whether beer halls should be abolished or not, being submitted to the people of Alberta this year, according to opinions expressed at the parliament buildings Friday.

It is stated, however, that the government has not reached a decision on the matter, while the report from the special committee, appointed to examine the petition for a plebiscite, has not yet been received.

The cost of a plebiscite would be around \$100,000. With the province struggling for ways and means to balance its budget, there is little chance under present financial conditions of a plebiscite being granted, it is said.

There was one rumor that the government intends to grant a plebiscite before the next general election, in view of a petition having been received from 50,000 people of the province. There was no confirmation of that report in official circles.

Should the government decide not to grant a plebiscite, there may be representations for the other alternative being followed. That is one of acting upon the petition by amendment to the Liquor Act, without need of taking a vote of the people.

Irma has shipped 703 thousand bushels of grain so far this season. It is estimated that over one million bushels will be shipped before the end of the season.

## Annual Report United Church

The annual meeting of the congregation was held on Thursday February 4th at 8 P. M. Despite the cold weather, a fairly representative gathering heard the reports of the various departments of the work of the church. The Irma representatives on the Board of Stewards were thanked and re-elected; Mr. Locke was re-elected as treasurer and Mr. Schon was re-elected as auditor. Mr. I. S. Reeds offered his resignation as secretary but it was decided to leave this matter in abeyance until the next Board meeting. In the absence of Mr. Reeds, Mr. Gamble was appointed secretary pro-tem. Mr. Locke's financial statement was as follows:

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR 1931.	
Receipts:	
Alma Mater and Roseberry S.S.	
for M & M fund	\$10.00
Alma Mater and Roseberry	
Ladies Aid	40.00
Alma Mater	111.85
Roseberry	88.65
Albert	177.97
Strawberry Plains	10.00
Ross	5.00
Passchendale	104.90
Irma	1180.60
Balance from last year	43.56
Total	\$1772.54

Expenditures:	
Minister's salary	\$1275.00
M & M Fund	250.00
Janitor and fuel	38.95
Insurance on Manse	25.50
Conference fund etc.	6.25
Dr. Lagerquist expenses	4.50
Deposit on meter (e. light)	4.00
Printing statements	1.65
Balance on hand	166.89
Total	\$1772.54

Audited and found correct by L. A. Schon.

In the absence of Mrs. Schon, Mr. Geeson acted as follows:  
**Irma Sunday School Financial Statement**

Receipts —	
Cash on Hand 1930	\$19.33
Offering Xmas Concert	8.31
Offerings	162.94
Bank Interest	.25
Birthday Box	10.00
Treasure (Exchange)	4.00
Miscellaneous	.50
Total	\$201.74

Expenditures —	
M & M Fund	\$45.57
Picnic Expenses	6.05
Flowers	2.35
Xmas Concert Expenses	14.65
Banner	.70
S. S. Supplies	127.63
Cash in Bank	1.74
Total	\$201.74

The Enrollment of the school is as follows: Beginners 15, Primary Class 15, Juniors 11, Intermediate Boys 8, Intermediate Girls 6, Seniors (Young Men) 4, Seniors (Young Ladies) 10, Adults 6, Officers 11, making a total of 86. The average attendance is 72.5.

The following have earned their two year attendance button—Jacqueline Tait, Margaret Tate, Ethel Tate, Phyllis Schon, Gladys Geeson, Allison Carter, Clarence Carter, Ray Locke, Ralph Schonert, Eva Congdon, Eileen Geeson, Dorothy Geeson, Mrs. Elliott, Mr. A. H. Locke, Mrs. Locke, Mr. Reeds, Mary Miles, Clara Miles.

The one year attendance button has been earned by the following—Haviland Elford, Evelyn Elford, Edna Schonert, Ruth Reeds, Marion Higinson, Albert Sonoff, Jimmy Sonoff, Tony Sonoff, Marjorie McFarland, Frank Maguire, Mrs. Schonert, Mrs. Reeds, Aletha Knudson.

She also reported that a Young People's Society has been organized which promises to give a good account of itself in the future.

Ethel Tait read the report of the Mission Band which showed that 27 meetings had been held during the year with an average attendance of 13. The enrollment is 16. The work has been chiefly educational, but contributions were also made to the work of missions, viz: \$5.77 and a Christmas parcel to Kolarcska Mission School.

The C. G. I. T. report was given by Ina Mathison. It showed that the girls had a membership of 20 and held

34 meetings during the year. Over \$70.00 had been raised for various activities and a large Christmas hamper sent to a needy family in the district.

The Trail Rangers reported through Ray Locke, who said that the membership for mid week meetings was 21. The group was very active in carrying out its fourfold program and sent the sum of \$54.00 for its various activities including Camp.

The Ladies Aid Report was submitted by Mrs. E. Simmons showing a very prosperous financial condition. The total income from all sources amounted to \$492.64 and the total expenditures amounted to \$341.70, leaving a balance of \$150.94. Contributions to the Church funds amounted to \$127.93 for Trustee Board, Hymn Books \$20.00 and \$50.00 to M & M Fund.

Mrs. I. S. Reeds gave the report of the work of the W. M. S. A very successful year's work was accomplished both from the standpoint of finances and spiritual results. The membership is 20 including two life members and the average attendance during the year was 18. The Allocation was exceeded \$139.00 being sent to the Presbyterial Treasurer.

Thanks were tendered by Mr. Geeson on behalf of the church and himself to all the officers and leaders in all departments of the Church, to the Choir, and to all others who had made any contribution to the work of the Church during the past year. After the adjournment, the Ladies of the congregation kindly served refreshments.

Judging from these reports, all the workers and leaders are to be congratulated on so successful a year in spite of the very depressing conditions. There are no arrears because of the sacrificial giving of our people and friends. This is deeply appreciated and we look forward to another year of progress. We earnestly

ing this next year upon which we have entered a year of great spiritual results.

**UNITED CHURCH NOTES.**  
Next Sunday, continuing the series of sermons on the Lord's Prayer, the topic will be "Forgiveness."

### MOTHER AND DAUGHTER

#### BANQUET

The Irma C. G. I. T. held their annual Mother and Daughter banquet on Tuesday evening, February 2nd. With great success, there being about forty present. We opened our banquet by singing the C. G. I. T. grace, after which we all indulged heartily in eating. After everybody complained that they had sufficient to eat, Marjorie Locke led in a sing-song which was enjoyed by all. Elizabeth Higinson then gave a toast to the Mothers and Mrs. Miles responded. Marvin Levitt was then called on to speak as he was the chosen representative of the C. G. I. T., and was followed by an address given by Mr. Gamble, leader of the C. S. E. T.

Mr. Geeson was then called upon to give an address which he did splendidly. Following this the Mothers were given a chance to speak. Mrs. Pryce Jones and Mrs. Osterhout took this opportunity and each made an appropriate speech. The girls then put on two dialogues, one of them comical and the other was the Good Samaritan.

We then brought the evening to a close by singing "Taps."

### IRMA BRANCH

#### CANADIAN LEGION, B. E. S. L.

An executive meeting is called for Wednesday, February 17th at 2:30 P. M. at Cde Cole's office.

All executives are asked to make a special effort to be present as this is the last executive meeting before the annual meeting and important business is on hand which must be attended to.

W. E. Larkin, Sec.-Treas.

### SCHOOL FAIR MEETING

A meeting will be held in the Irma Public School on Saturday, February 20th, 1932, to organize the Fair for 1932. All schools that are in the organization and others interested are asked to attend.

## NEWS ITEMS FROM KINSALLA DISTRICT

A fair representative number of ratepayers met at the Lake Vernon School house on Saturday last, to hear and discuss the contents of the Financial Statement of the School District. Again disappointment was met with, as the books of the district had not yet been completed by the auditor. The meeting was again postponed for a third attempt to take place at the same school on Saturday, February 13th.

Ten dollars reward was offered for the recovery of the typewriter that was stolen from the office of the United Grain Growers at Kinsella. The thieves entered by way of one of the windows without leaving any workable clue.

This district has been hit by a severe cold spell during the past week, with several of the thermometers registering all the way from forty to forty-eight below zero.

Although fed fairly plentiful the present cold spell has caused hardship to many farmers in finding sufficient barn room to house their cattle.

The roads have drifted so full of snow in places so that it is necessary in many places to use the shovel in order to get through.

Bonny McMurray is up and around again after being confined to his bed for the past few days with a severe attack of diptheria. No new cases have been heard of and it is hoped that the disease is abating. A number of the school children have been inoculated against the disease and some of the schools have been ordered closed as a safeguard against further outbreaks.

### LAKE VERNON SCHOOL

#### REPORT FOR JANUARY

Pupils class standing for January: Grade IX—Archer Smith 64.5; Grade VIII—Pearl Overbo 64.5;

William Smith 37.6.

Grade V—Alfred McMurray 79.6; (honors); Hedram Johansen 79.2 (honors); Kenneth McMurray 71; Alice Overbo 61.2; Phyllis Austin 54.2.

Grade III—Arvid Johansen 88 (honors); Norman Overbo 85 (honors); Dorothy McNary 80 (honors).

Grade II—Edwin Overbo 84 (honors); Diamond Overbo 79.5 (honors); Robert McNary 79 (honors).

Grade I—Edward Harding 89 (honors).

Perfect attendance, Dorothy McNary, Edwin Overbo.

Number pupils in attendance 17.

Number days school open 18.

Aggregate attendance 257.

Average attendance for month 14.28; percentage of attendance 84.

Mrs. E. M. McNary, teacher.

### NOTICE

In the Estate of EDWARD THOMAS McDOWELL, late of the Village of Irma, in the Province of Alberta, Machine Agent, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above named Edward Thomas McDowell who died on the 29th day of August, A.D. 1930, are required to file with Clifton G. Purvis, Barrister, Viking, Alberta, Solicitor for the Executor, Mrs. Florence E. McDowell by the 19th day of March, A.D. 1932, a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the Executor will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to her knowledge.

Dated this 3rd day of February, A.D. 1932.

—Florence E. McDowell, Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Edward Thomas McDowell, Deceased, by her Solicitor, Clifton G. Purvis, Viking, Alberta.

**VALENTINE SOCIAL**  
On Monday evening, February 15th, the Irma Eastern Star have planned a Valentine Social. It will take the form of a Valentine social and will be held in the Lodge Hall. So come and bring all your friends and have another enjoyable time together. Watch for further announcement by posters.

**WHIST DRIVE**  
The Irma Rebekah Lodge No. 87 are holding a Whist Drive on Tuesday evening March 8th, at 8:30 in the lodge room. Everybody welcome. Admission 35c, lunch will be served.

Wm. Steel, Secretary.

### IMPORTANT NOTICE

A meeting is to be held in the Crescent Hill School, on Friday evening, February 12th, for the purpose of organizing a U. F. A. Local.

A full attendance of everyone is requested.

There is still an opportunity to start taking violin lessons from Mr. E. L. G. Allan. He gives lessons at the residence of E. W. Carter every Saturday afternoon, other days at his home on the smallwood homestead. His prices are very reasonable.

## NEWS ITEMS FROM JARROW

Mr. and Mrs. A. Firkus have returned after visiting in Calgary, the guests of Mrs. Firkus' sister, Mrs. T. Ellis. While there Mrs. Firkus attended the school trustees convention.

The Ladies Aid met at the home of Mrs. Pees on Wednesday. The usual devotions opened the meeting and then the business part. It was decided to serve supper in the empty room of the Red & White store on election night whenever that date is set. A dainty lunch was served by the hostess and the meeting closed. The next meeting will be at the home of Mrs. McCracken on the 1st Wednesday in March.

The play "An Arizona Cowboy" will be put on in the hall on February 26th. The young people have been working hard on this comedy-drama and it promises to be good. On account of illness of one of the cast it could not be staged on the 19th as originally planned but don't forget the date and don't miss it. A dance will follow and the proceeds are for the hall fund.

Jimmy Matthew is confined to his bed through illness. We hope he will soon be well again.

Mrs. H. "Widder" Imr returned from the Viking hospital where she underwent an operation for appendicitis.

Mr. Cyril McKenna of Inlay, is visiting Warren Cochlin of the wheat pool elevator.

The regular meeting of the Community Club was held on Tuesday evening in the hall. Several items of business were dealt with, one reduction of rentals for the hall. The rent will now be five dollars for entertainments and three dollars for meetings, etc. The social part of the evening was in charge of Mr. and Mrs. McNab, Mr. and Mrs. Marbury, Mr. and Mrs. Taylor, Mr. Taylor showed some very interesting pictures after which games and contests were enjoyed. A bountiful lunch was served and another pleasant social evening was added to the many which have been held in the hall. The next meeting will be the second Wednesday in March and will be in charge of Mr. and Mrs. W. Matthews, Mr. and Mrs. Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. Jamieson, and Mr. and Mrs. H. McDougall.

Tickets are now being sold on a sheep which has been donated by Mr. Jamieson to the Community Club. Every one be sure and get your ticket. Only 25c and the entire proceeds go to the hall fund. A social evening is being arranged which will take the form of a card party some evening next week and the lucky number will be drawn then.

### CHOPPING DAYS.

Until further notice I will take in grain to grind any day throughout the week without appointment. You farmers that haven't yet tried the Hammer Mill work should do so, this method of grinding is far ahead of the plate grinding. Let us show you. Now is the time to order your new seed drill. Why not get the best, a Massey-Harris.

### V. HUTCHINSON.

Agent, Irma, Alberta.

### WHIST DRIVE

The Irma Rebekah Lodge No. 87 are holding a Whist Drive on Tuesday evening March 8th, at 8:30 in the lodge room. Everybody welcome. Admission 35c, lunch will be served.

### TENDERS FOR WOOD

Tenders will be received by the undersigned for 5 cords of wood, cut in stove lengths to be delivered at Crescent Hill School. Tenders to be in hands of Secretary not later than February 15th.

Wm. Steel, Secretary.

## The Household Word For Tea

# "SALADA" TEA

"Fresh from the Gardens"

## Are We Over-Governed?

Even before existing conditions began to force men in public life, the leaders in finance, industry and business, and over-burdened taxpayers in general, to give heed to the cost of operating our governmental businesses, national, provincial, municipal and educational, the question: "Are We Over-Governed?" has sporadically arisen. Many people believed we were, and probably the average man if asked the question would unhesitatingly have answered "Yes," adding, "But what can be done about it?"

In answering "yes," Mr. Average Canadian would recognize the fact that in this far-flung and sparsely settled Dominion we have ten Parliaments, ten Governments, ten civil services, to administer the national and provincial affairs of ten million people. That, in addition, we have Commissions, Bureaus, Boards, of all kinds; thousands of municipal units, and tens of thousands of boards of school trustees, with a multiplicity of lower, intermediate and higher courts of law. He would be contemplating the enormous annual output of school board and municipal by-laws, Provincial and Federal statutes, rules and regulations beyond computation. "Yes, we are over-governed," he would say, and, without actual knowledge of the local government institutions in the Old Country, possibly add: "Look at England, Scotland and Wales with only one Parliament and one Government for forty odd millions of people."

But in asking, in reply, "What can be done about it?" Mr. Average Canadian would have in mind the fixed constitution of Canada (B.N.A. Act), the written constitutions of the Provinces with their stated boundaries, the strict division of legislative and administrative authority between the Dominion and the Provinces. He would be giving thought to racial differences, to language difficulties, to differences of creed, to separate systems of schools, and, perhaps above all else, to those many local jealousies, sectional ambitions, business considerations,—in a word, all the selfishness of mere humans individually, and in the aggregate as communities, which would stand in the way of co-operation, co-ordination, amalgamation to bring about a reduction in governmental units. So, with a fatalistic shrug of the shoulders, he exclaims: "What's the use, what can be done about it? It's a mess, but there is no way out, so we might just as well grin and pay the piper."

But now the Canadian people have been paying the piper so long, and the cost of the tunes played have become so excessive, that the grin has faded from their faces, and many are beginning to ask themselves a new question, namely: "Are we as a people so lacking in initiative and determination, so barren of ideas and ability to solve difficult problems, that we have become supine and helpless? Is it not time that we grappled with this thing that is crushing us and cut off some of the tentacles sucking our economic lifeblood away in taxes?"

The outcome of this new orientation in thought about these matters is the suggestion that the unit of representation in various bodies be enlarged, thus reducing the number and size of such bodies. For example, it is suggested that the small rural school districts, and even the small rural municipalities which exist in the Western Provinces, have outlived their usefulness; that the isolated school district be abolished and schools within a municipality be administered by one board; that several adjacent rural municipalities be merged into one.

To illustrate, and taking the Saskatchewan rural municipal system for this purpose: A rural municipality consists, as a rule, of nine townships, that is an area 18 miles square. This system was adopted, and the Province so divided, when there were no good roads as we know them, only trails; when there were no automobiles and people travelled on horseback or by buckboard; when there were no rural telephones. Under these conditions an area 18 miles from east to west and 18 miles from north to south was considered quite large enough for local municipal purposes. But today four such municipalities could be merged, providing a municipal unit 36 miles by 36 miles which, with rural telephones, good roads and the automobile could be administered even more easily than the one-quarter of the same area could be twenty-five years ago. Yet the expenses of three municipal councils would be saved, including three municipal offices, three paid secretaries-treasurers, three auditors, and many other costs entailed by duplication in overhead administration and management.

This is but a sample of the suggestions being advanced. It is deserving of consideration and discussion at least. The same idea as applied to Provinces will be dealt with in the next article of this series.

## Bank of England Pays

Sends To U.S. Balance Of Credit Advanced Last August

Fulfilling its announcement made on January 25, the Bank of England has repaid the \$150,000,000 balance of the credit advanced to it last August by the New York Federal Reserve Bank in association with other federal reserve banks and the Bank of France.

The bank made the payment without drawing upon its gold reserves. The credit originally granted amounted to \$250,000,000 and was reduced by \$100,000,000 in November, largely by drawing upon gold reserves.

Almost a thousand species of orchids grow in the Philippines.

Another thing that nations owe one another is a living.

## ...chest COLDS

Best treated by stimulation and inhalation

rub on VICKS VapoRus

ACTS TWO WAYS AT ONCE

## Institute Of Pacific Relations

Invitation Extended To Hold Next Conference In Canada

An invitation will be extended to the Institute of Pacific Relations, which met last year in Shanghai, China, to hold its next biennial conference in Canada. It was decided at a meeting in Toronto of the executive council of the Canadian Institute of International Affairs. The Canadian Institute is the national unit of the Institute of Pacific Relations in the Dominion.

Steps were taken at the meeting to participate in a round-table conference on diplomatic relations within the British Empire, which it is hoped to hold next year, possibly in Canada.

## Honored For Railroad Service

The first woman to complete a record of almost half a century of service in Canadian railroading was honored at Montreal when Miss M. A. McLeod, an employee in the comptroller's office of the Canadian National Railways, received a presentation. Miss McLeod joined the old Grand Trunk Railway in 1886.

The modern hen lays as many as 300 eggs in a year, in contrast to about 26 eggs laid by her distant jungle ancestors.

Miss Elizabeth Roberts, who died at the age of 101 was one of seven sisters of Bank Cottage, England, who never married.

A naturalist says that egrets will fly as far as 25 miles to obtain food for hungry bird babies.

## A "One-Man" Dog

Animal Covers 1,500 Miles In Arctic To Find Master

One of the most unusual dog stories in the north country was revealed at The Pas, Manitoba, on the arrival of George Harrison, widely known trapper. Harrison, who returned from trapping north of Indian Lake, 1,500 miles north of The Pas, Manitoba, told of his former lead dog, whom he left with a friend there about a year ago.

The dog was growing old and he decided to give it a good home with a friend when he came in with his catch of furs last season. He left the dog in November of 1930.

Late in January the dog was missing from his home. Three months later, with bleeding paws and reduced to a skeleton, he was waiting to greet Harrison when he got up one April morning. The dog covered the hazardous trail back to his old home in some of the worst weather in his life.

Harrison will keep the dog with him because he does not believe he would survive another such trip.

## Tells Dyspeptics What To Eat

Strict Diets Often Unnecessary

It is a well known fact that some foods have a strong tendency to produce excessive stomach acidity and consequent indigestion. By omitting from daily meals those foods that experience proves do not agree and limit the diet to certain tasteless, unappetizing foods, stomach troubles may in many instances be slowly overcome. Nine times in ten, however, indigestion, gas, etc., are due to excessive acidity and the premature souring of food in the stomach. Keep the stomach clean and sweet by freeing it of this extra acidity and the stomach will eat the foods they like best and as much as they want in reason and have no stomach trouble at all. Thousands of people do this daily by merely taking after every meal a little Bilexated Magnesia, which can be had at any good drug store either in powder or tablet form. Bilexated Magnesia instantly neutralizes stomach acids, stops food fermentation and meals digest as naturally and pleasantly as the stomach of a healthy child. Stomach comfort means a lot and most folks like good things to eat. Enjoy them both by making Bilexated Magnesia your daily after-eating protection.

## A Royal Recipe

Old Fashioned Plum Pudding Of Queen Victoria's Day

Mrs. W. H. Austin, of Toledo, is one woman who can keep a secret. For half a century she has kept secret a royal recipe for old-fashioned plum pudding of Queen Victoria's day. It is to be kept secret and handed down as a legacy to her daughter.

When 17 years old Mrs. Austin was cook's assistant in the Lion Hotel at Nottingham and received the recipe from the former mistress of the kitchen in the castle of the Duke of Rutland on a promise that it never would be given out or sold. In those days the cooks memorized the recipes, and they never were written down for fear they would be stolen.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

**For Burns and Scalds.**—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will take the fire out of a burn or scald. It should be at hand in every kitchen so that it may be available at any time. There is no preparation required. Just apply the oil to the burn or scald and the pain will abate and in a short time cease altogether.

## Reparations Claim

132 Men Who Were Prisoners Of War In Germany To Benefit

Reparation claims of Canadians who were German prisoners of war, involving \$149,840, have been paid by the Dominion. In amounts varying from \$500 to \$3,000, the money will be distributed among 132 men who suffered disability through brutality. A commission headed by E. M. Dougall, of Montreal, heard applications for reparations from former prisoners of war in all the large centres from Halifax to Vancouver.

**Determined By Figures**

A mathematical formula to enable scientists to determine just how much vitamins "B" a person needs to improve his system has been reported to the National Academy of Sciences by Prof. George R. Cowgill of Yale University.

An attempt is being made to revive the industry of growing limes in Florida.

Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

She's Up in the Air Again

Those the loves . . . are first to suffer when monthly pains shatter her nerves. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound would ease that awful agony.

## Payment Of Loan Debts

Suggests That Debts To U.S. Be Paid In Manner In Which They Were Contracted

May I suggest that it would be both fair and in the world's general interest if the debts to the United States were repaid by precisely the same machinery as that by which they were contracted?

It has been said that we borrowed in gold and ought to pay in gold; but, this is not quite an accurate statement. To be sure, what we borrowed was valued according to the dollar currency. But gold was not sent across the Atlantic ocean; what was sent was munitions of war. The process, if I remember right, was that the American Government gave to the British Government a credit to be used in purchasing the needed munitions in America, which was done.

Now might not the British Government give to the Government of the United States a credit for the amount of debt due under the agreed terms of repayment, the credit to be used in purchasing commodities in Great Britain? The method of repayment would in this way exactly correspond to the method of contracting the debt.

Further, might not a similar machinery be used for all payments of reparations and war debts? Each debtor country might give to its creditor a credit to be used in purchasing within the debtor country whatever commodities the creditor desired to acquire. In this way the disastrous complication of war debts and tariffs would be avoided.—Lord Hugh Cecil in the London Times.

## Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

## RICE PUDDING

- 1/2 cup unpolished rice.
- 1/2 cup sugar.
- 3/4 teaspoon salt.
- 1 1/2 cups coffee.
- 2 cups milk.
- 1 teaspoon vanilla extract or rose extract.

Wash the rice and place in a well-oiled pudding dish. Add sugar, salt, extract, coffee and milk, stir thoroughly and set in a slow oven, not more than 300 degrees Fahrenheit. Stir every 20 minutes for three times, then cover and bake gently an hour longer. Serve with sweetened whipped cream, plain cream or caramel sauce.

## UPSIDE DOWN CAKE

In a cold frying pan place 3 tablespoons butter and 1 cup light brown sugar. Melt these and add 6 ripe peaches, peeled and sliced. Pour over this a batter made of 1 egg beaten, 1/2 cup light brown sugar, 1/4 teaspoon salt, 1/2 cup hot milk, 1 cup flour and 1 1/2 teaspoons baking powder. Mix egg, sugar and salt. Add milk. Stir in flour to which baking powder is added. Bake 30 or 45 minutes. When baked turn upside down on a large platter. Serve hot with whipped cream or sauce.

## Looking For Gold Again

Unemployed In Western States Hoping For Lucky Strike

In California and other western states hundreds of unemployed have turned out to seek the gold. Old mines are being reopened and men are following the mountain streams as they did in '49. It is said that those who know how to hunt the yellow specks are making from \$1.50 to \$3 a day.

The pickings are not rich, but there is the adventure, a chance to make a living, the ever-present hope of a lucky strike and the great personal satisfaction of finding useful work.

Sweet and palatable. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is acceptable to children, and it does its work surely and promptly.

## This Year's Total Eclipse

The belt of totality of the eclipse of the sun on August 31, 1932, roughly 100 miles wide, passes from the Arctic regions via the east coast of James Bay, continuing down through the province of Quebec and crossing the St. Lawrence just east of Montreal; thence it continues southeastward and passes into the ocean by way of Maine.

Oil from the head and jaw of the porpoise and blackfish have been found especially good for lubricating watches and other delicate mechanism.

The young man—"Do you prefer a home wedding?"

The young miss—"Yes, but our house is being sold for taxes."

W. N. U. 10228

# MACDONALD'S

## Fine Cut

Canada's Finest Cigarette Tobacco with ZIG-ZAG papers attached

## Needs Constant Attention

But Doctor Has Kept Chicken Heart Alive Twenty Years

The piece of chicken heart which Dr. Carroll has kept alive for twenty years—longer than any chicken lives—is not quite a perpetual-motion machine. Like the lamp of the vestal virgins, it needs constant attention. It must be kept at the proper temperature. It must have the right kind of air. It must be fed with embryonic proteins. It must be washed to dead leaves that drop from a tree. In a word, it is a tenderly guarded living flame in the Rockefeller temple of science.

Even now that bit of heart is history. In the next century, if infection, starvation, physical injury and poison are warded off, it may become as sacred in a scientific sense as a venerated religious relic. Here is a perpetual reminder of the toughness of the primal cell from which all life evolved and of the price that man must pay for his spinal cord, brain and intelligence. On the one hand, nerveless growth and immortality; on the other hand, sensitiveness to the beauty of life and love but also death. That seems to be the great lesson taught by Dr. Carroll's piece of tissue. We may never know much more about life than that. For living matter cannot be analyzed as such without killing it.

## Speedy Tramcar Service

Philadelphia Citizens Expect To Travel Hundred Miles An Hour

The citizens of Philadelphia anticipate shortly travelling on an electric tramline at 100 miles an hour. The bullet-like tramcars have been put into regular service on a thirteen miles long suburban line in this American city. These tram cars cost \$40,000 each. They are so like an aeroplane in design that the driver sits in a real cockpit, furnished with an upholstered swivel chair. While the cars are being "run in," they travel comparatively slowly—their average speed being only seventy miles an hour. The service will, however, be speeded up.

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment is remarkable in its quick, effective action. Relieves instantly burns, sprains, toothache and neuralgia. Invaluable for sore throat, cramp and quinsy.

One of the most important parts of a new instrument used to measure heart-beats is a gold-plated wire that is so fine as to be invisible to the naked eye.

Anyway, the bachelor who succeeds in telling his married friends how to get through the sea of matrimony is some buoy.

## Canadian Writers To The Fore

New Step In Direction Of Canadian Literary Independence

Canada is attaining literary independence, Donald G. French, president of the Canadian Authors' Association, told the Canadian Literature Guild at Toronto.

Mr. French referred to "Finch's Fortune," by Mazo de la Roche, as the "most distinctive piece of craftsmanship of the year" and to the vivid presentation of Canadian life by Dyke Acland in "Sundown." These demonstrated new self-reliance and confidence in Canada's ability to settle her own problems.

A vast new step in the direction of Canadian literary independence, Mr. French emphasized, was in the realm of history. Hitherto Canada had been dependent on foreign writers for studies of mediaeval and modern history, but the publication of "Modern Europe and the World," by Professor F. Slemley, of the University of Toronto, marked an important stride forward.

Mrs. Florence Randal Livesey, poetess and journalist, declared Canada need not become dependent about its art, in reviewing current Canadian poetry. She predicted Wilson MacDonald's "Flag of the World" would live as has the poetry of Wordsworth. She spoke of the year's wealth of good poetry as evidenced in the "Canadian Child's A.B.C." by H. K. Gordon and Thoreau MacDonald; "Druid in Nanaimo," by Audrey Alexander Brown, of Vancouver; Rev. Robert Norwood's "Isa"; Trus Davidson's "Music of the Modern Day," Ethelyn Wetherall's "Lyrics and Sonnets," and the new note sounded by Annie Dalton, of Victoria, in her Arctic poems.

Persian Balm preserves and enhances women's natural heritage of beauty. For sheer feminine loveliness it is unrivalled. Tones and rejuvenates the skin, and makes it exquisite in texture. Delightful to use. Smooth and velvety, it imparts a youthful charm to every complexion, indispensable to all dainty women. Especially recommended to make hands soft and white. Delicately fragrant. Preserves and enhances the loveliest complexions.

## Canada's Shingle Output

Shingles to the value of \$9,423,363 were cut in Canada in 1929, according to official returns issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, working in co-operation with the Forest Service, Department of the Interior. Almost ninety-nine per cent. of these shingles were made of cedar.

After being engaged for 43 years, a Missouri couple have been married. They were both from Missouri.

A 30-foot room, cubical in shape, contains a ton of air.

"I'M going, anyway"

THE modern Miss needs no "time" for the time of month.

If you've ever taken Aspirin for a headache, you know how soon the pain subsides. It is just as effective in the relief of those pains peculiar to women.

Don't dedicate certain days of every month to suffering. It's old-fashioned. It's unnecessary. Aspirin will always enable you to carry on in comfort. Take enough to assure your complete comfort. If it is genuine Aspirin it cannot possibly hurt you. Aspirin tablets do not depress the heart. They do not upset the stomach. They do nothing but stop the pain.

Headaches come at inconvenient times. So do colds. But a little Aspirin will always save the day. A throat so sore that you can hardly swallow is made comfortable with one good gargle made from these tablets. Neuralgia. Neuritis. Rheumatism. Pains that once kept



people home are forgotten half an hour after taking a few of these remarkable tablets. So are the little nagging aches that bring fatigue and "nerves" by day, or a sleepless night. Genuine Aspirin tablets cost so very little after all, that it doesn't pay to experiment with imitations!

Made in Canada



## Most Of Our Pork Products Go To Great Britain In The Form Of Wiltshire Cut Sides

Canadian swine producers who have made any study of the breeding, feeding and marketing of bacon hogs have come to realize that most of our exportable pork products go to England in the form of Wiltshire-cut sides. They have learned that the term "Wiltshire" is a trade name given to any carcass of pork which is cut in a particular manner. A Wiltshire side is simply half of the hog with the head and feet cut off, the shoulder blade pulled out, and the backbones removed.

Usually these sides are exported from Canada in a pickled or mild cured state. The smoking operation is performed later in England by the large wholesalers and distributors, who vary the degree of smoke with the preferences of the particular market to which any lot of sides is to go.

Questions are often asked as to what cuts are made of the Wiltshire side for retail selling. An explanation of the method of cutting, together with interesting comments on the various cuts and their relative value, is found in a comprehensive publication by the Ministry of Agriculture.

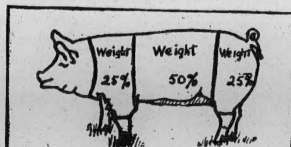


Fig. 1. Relative weight of Fore-end, Gammon, and Middle of an ideal bacon hog.

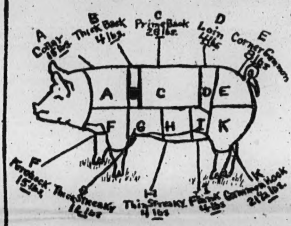


Fig. 2. Standard English retail cuts of Wiltshire bacon in relation to live pig.

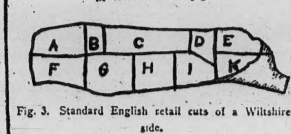


Fig. 3. Standard English retail cuts of a Wiltshire side.

culture and Fisheries in England, entitled "A Report on the Pork and Bacon Trades in England and Wales." The three outline figures reproduced herewith are taken from that report, adapted slightly in order to conform with the weights and percentages of Canadian standard bacon hogs and their product.

Figure 1 is of a bacon hog of approximately 200 lbs. live weight. This hog will cut into two Wiltshire sides, each weighing about 60 lbs. In other words, Wiltshires make up 60 per cent. of the live weight of our bacon hogs. After the head and feet are removed the middle of an ideal bacon hog should represent about 50 per cent. of the weight of the side, with the shoulders and hams about balance.

Figure 2 sets out the relative position of the various retail cuts to the live hog. The comment in the report on these various cuts is interesting and instructive.

"A long and level back is required because the middle of the carcass fetches the highest price per pound and contains the greatest proportion of the entire weight, as will be seen in Figure 1. Cut 'B,' known as the 'thick back,' contains a relatively heavier proportion of the ribs than the remainder of the back; the back fat also tends to be thicker at this point, and further, the meat begins to be of the nature of that of the 'collar.' Hence this cut has a lower selling value than the remainder of the back except cut 'D,' the loin, where an awkward bone, known as the 'oyster bone,' must be removed, which makes slicing difficult and somewhat reduces the value.

"The 'prime back' (cut C), provides the best rashers in the side as a whole and is in greatest demand. It is usually the most valuable portion; hence the necessity for length in the back, which is required to be level also; a dish or scooped back means less weight and less depth of loin. An important requirement is that a transverse section of the back, cut

over the shoulder, should be somewhat arched. Where this section is flat above the shoulder it is excessively fat and consequently heavy in that part.

"A straight underline and thickness are essential in the belly, as they denote that the 'thin streaky' and the 'flank' (cuts H and I), will not be distended and, consequently, thin. When the belly is thick the value of these cuts is increased. The 'flank' has usually a fair proportion of lean, but this does not penetrate deeply. Flank rashers are normally narrow, and, if the cut is excessively thin, they become objectionably attenuated when fried. 'Thin streaky' suffers from the same disadvantage, but it is normally thicker than the flank. The 'thick streaky' (cut G), depends for quality upon the thickness of the belly at H and I, contains alternate layers of lean and fat, and is of more value than the remainder of the lower cuts on account of its greater thickness and interlarding.

Breadth, width, and depth to the hock are required in the hams, as these features denote plenty of flesh which is highly desirable in a cut

of continued production for the overseas market, the point of quality in the hogs, and thus in the finished product, may in the long run mean all the difference between an unprofitable or a profitable export bacon trade of considerable proportions.

### Should Cultivate Market

Canada Could Supply All Cranberries People Use Here

Canada consumes a considerable quantity of cranberries annually, and most of them are imported. Yet there is one section of the Dominion, at least, admirably adapted to the cultivation of cranberries and growing them to perfection. Why is it not possible for Canada's cranberry needs to be met by the output of that part of the Dominion, especially as there is a tariff of 20 per cent. ad valorem against the imported berries?

The Canadian cranberries are grown in all three of the Maritime Provinces where there is a large acreage of waste bogs unit for other crops, yet ideally suited to the cultivation of this delicacy, the consumption of which has been materially increased through co-operative advertising by United States growers. The Maritime Provinces Trade Commissioner claims that the cranberry-growers of that part of the country are favored in every way. A market is assured for all the berries that can possibly be grown for many years; Maritime cranberries are preferred by the trade and the Canadian consumer and are protected under the tariff.

If Canada, by reason of climatic conditions, is compelled to rely upon imports of other fruits (if the cranberry may be described in such a manner), there is really no reason why she should be dependent upon another country for her supplies of cranberries.

The Maritimes Provinces growers have a rare opportunity to take permanent hold of the Canadian market if they are willing to adopt improved packaging and distribution methods and see that only a quality product is placed before the consumer. Canadians are eating more and more cranberries each year. The Maritimes can supply all of the wants of the central part of the Dominion if they choose.

### Counts For Something

Calm Of Britain In Crisis Is Stabilizing Force

Whatever our faults—and we have been at no pains to conceal them—want of nerve has not been one of them. We have often displayed more confidence in foreigners than they in themselves, and more in ourselves than they in us. We have not been responsible for "runs" either on foreign banks or on our own. It is the imponderable calm which still makes us a stabilizing force in a precarious world despite the fluctuations of sterling and which counts for more than stocks of gold however great. London Morning Post.

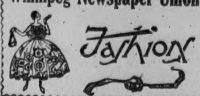
Gold mining in Australia is more active than at any time since 1920.

## Noted Britishers in Bahamas



Completely recovered from the injuries he sustained when he was run down by an automobile in New York, the Right Honourable Winston Churchill, former Chancellor of the Exchequer of Great Britain, and one of the Motherland's most versatile statesmen, is shown with his beautiful daughter, Diana, as they enjoyed the gorgeous sunshine at Nassau, Bahamas. The British statesman has returned to United States for his forthcoming lecture tour.

## Winnipeg Newspaper Union



By Annette



HIPLINES ARE SMOOTHLY MOULDED AND SUG THESE DAYS

There are definite slimming qualities about this one-piece model in new Princess lines. It has a becoming V-collarless neck. The front and back panel effect from neck to hem is quite an advantage. If you're not so sly-like as you would wish to be, Shlirring at either side holds the dress snugly to the figure at the waistline. Made in a jiffy! You bet! After the sides and shoulders are joined, the circular sections are stitched to the dress. Bind neck and set sleeves into the armholes. A printed silk crepe made the original for virtually smart new garments. It will prove an economical choice, for it can be worn all spring.

It's stunning too in black transparent velvet or deep blue with a soft sapphire cast canton-taille crepe silk. Style No. 759 may be had in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust. Size 38 requires 4 1/2 yards of 39-inch material with 1/4 yard of 39-inch contrasting. Price of pattern 15 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

### How To Order Patterns

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## Farmers Meet To Study Methods Of Combatting Soil Drifting And Moisture Conservation

One of the most unique agricultural meetings ever held in Canada was held Tuesday, January 26th, in the chapel at the Regina Jail by the farmers in the area surrounding the Jail at the call of the Saskatchewan Department of Public Works. The meeting was largely attended, practically one hundred per cent. of the farmers in the one-half township area surrounding the Jail being present. Some seventeen carloads of farmers drove in to the Jail yard. Every chair in the reception room was filled so that it was necessary to move up to the Jail chapel in order to accommodate those who attended.

Mr. C. M. Learmonth, the Superintendent of Institutional Farms, acted as chairman. The first speaker was the Hon. J. F. Bryant, Chairman of the Commission on Conservation, and Minister in charge of Institutional Farms. Mr. Bryant welcomed the farmers and remarked that this was the first time in the history of Canada that a large body of farmers had willingly gone to Jail to study farming. At Dartmouth recently the prisoners tried to get out of Jail because they did not get sugar on their porridge, whereas today a large number of farmers in Saskatchewan had willingly come to the Jail so that they could discuss improving farming methods.

Mr. Bryant dealt at length with the Commission on Conservation, pointing out the work which they had accomplished to date and what they were endeavoring to do, giving information on the climatic conditions, on conservation of water and on the afforestation programme, and pointed out the object of the meeting.

Mr. W. H. Gibson, Superintendent of the Experimental Farm at Indian Head, advocated the plowless fallow, or surface cultivation. He thought that more of this should be done. The farmers had worked their land too much and made it too fine in the past. He recommended the duck-foot cultivator rather than the disc-harrow. He did not advocate harrowing after the drill but rather the use of the packer. He stated that the precipitation in 1931 was one-half of the normal precipitation.

Mr. S. H. Vigor of the Department of Agriculture, Regina, discussed strip farming and its benefits in preventing soil drifting, without advocating general strip farming all over the Province. He also spoke of forage growing, recommending a trial of brome grass, western rye and sweet clover. His address was followed by an interesting discussion by the farmers present.

Norman Ross, Director of the Forestry Service, Indian Head, stated that it was a combination of different methods that would produce the desired results. There was a liability in good times to forget the trying experiences of bad years. He developed the methods in a very convincing speech, after which he answered all questions asked on tree planting.

W. H. Ford, a prominent farmer from Indian Head, gave his experience with reference to a half-section which he divided with a single caragana hedge planted north and south at right angles to the prevailing winds. Mr. Ford was very enthusiastic about the hedges, and stated that the first thing he would do in the light of his years of experience, if he were coming to the Regina plains to farm, would be to plant his farm and then lay out and plant caragana hedges. Mr. Ford farms on a large scale with power machinery. He was strongly in favor of planting caragana hedges one mile to one and one-half miles long.

In 1931, Mr. Ford threshed from a one-hundred acre field protected by hedges, 1,500 bushels of No. 1 Northern wheat when his neighbors got less than 9 bushels per acre on similar land with similar methods but without the hedges. From years of experience and observation, he strongly endorsed the planting of hedges. Mr. Ford has a beautiful home farm, the buildings surrounded by very fine trees, including firs, elms, ash and alder, which enable him to grow apples, crabapples, plums, plum-cherry hybrids and the small fruits very successfully.

Mr. C. M. Learmonth then outlined the proposed Township Farm Improvement Area, and suggested the

forming of an organization of the farmers in the district surrounding the Institutional Farm to carry out the combination scheme of strip farming, grass and clover growing with wind-breaks and shelter belts, and fields protected with caragana hedges. He pointed out that there were already planted ten acres of caragana seed for seedlings on the Jail farm which would produce approximately one million seedlings for free distribution in 1933, and a similar acreage would be put in the spring of 1932.

The farmers in the district were very much interested in the meeting and the action of the Government in taking the proposed step, the first of its kind in the Province, and the fact that their area was chosen for experimental and demonstration purposes, and that they had the opportunity of working together in the interests of all the farmers of the Province to show the best methods of combatting soil drifting and present climatic conditions. A committee composed of three was agreed upon to interview the individual farmers in the one-half township area with a view to getting them to agree to follow the suggestions made. The committee consists of C. M. Learmonth, representing the Government Institutional Farms, a representative farmer in the one-half township area, together with a representative of the Provincial and Federal Governments. This meeting was the first concrete proposal to carry out the recommendations of the sub-committee of the Commission on Conservation and Afforestation, with reference to the prevention of soil drifting.

### Policing Of Alberta

R.C.M.P. To Take Over Duties Under Three Year Agreement

Superintendent H. M. Newson, director of the criminal investigation branch at Royal Canadian Mounted Police Headquarters in Ottawa, will be placed in direct charge of the policing of Alberta when the federal force takes over the Alberta provincial police on April 1. He will hold the rank of assistant commissioner.

Information to this effect was released by Hon. J. P. Lymburn, Alberta Attorney-General, in a description of the terms of the three-year agreement just completed between the Province and Dominion. Headquarters of the R.C.M.P. in Alberta will be in Edmonton.

The agreement specifies that a force of 220 men is to be maintained in Alberta and that all men, in good standing in the provincial force will be retained. All of the duties hitherto performed by the provincial police will be performed by the R.C.M.P.

### Alberta's Egg Exports

Last Year Exceeded Previous Record By Fifty Carloads

The export of eggs from Alberta in 1931 was 200 carloads, exceeding the previous record of 1924 by 50 carloads. It is announced by the provincial and federal poultry services. The province exports many times the number of eggs that are imported each year, officials declare.

Of the fresh egg grades exported more than half were in the two top grades. Imports totalled only ten carloads, all of which were bought in British Columbia at a time when local supplies were depleted. The province also exported 88 carloads of poultry as compared with 75 carloads of 1930.

### Just His Class

They were parting at the door after a little quarrel. He had tried to make it up, but with no success.

"Very well," he said, turning to depart. "I'll marry a girl that can take a joke."

"No doubt about that," was the crushing reply. "That's the only kind of a girl you'll get."

### Did Not Check Right

The freight agent on the C. and N. W. Railroad received a shipment in which was a donkey, described on the freight bill as "one burro." After checking his goods carefully the agent made his report: "Short, one bureau; over one jackass."

Magistrate: "The defendant swears he was perfectly sober."

Policeman: "He had been perfectly sober he would have known he was drunk and not made a disturbance."

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# United Church Weekly Message

(From The Viking News)  
PERSONAL SALVATION.

(The sixth of a series of articles  
by Rev. J. W. Bainbridge, M. A. B.D.)  
Lesson St. John 3; 1 to 17.

Text: St. John 3: 3.

Two weeks ago when I discussed the fact of Personal Life we took for our text Paul's picture of himself, when he says, "I find two principles of life in me, sin ending in death and Spiritual 'Eternal Righteousness.' Then he cries, 'O wretched man that I am, who shall deliver me from the body of this death?' I thank God through my Lord Jesus Christ." In this article, as the next step in my Code of Religion and Life, which I have been discussing now for six weeks, I would like us to consider "The Way of Personal Salvation." That is exactly what the Master Nicodemus—mentioned in our lesson and text—was enquiring about. Nicodemus was not a bad man, indeed he was a member of the Board of the College of Preachers in his day. He was a religious authority and a very good man. He recognizes in Jesus something strikingly new, yet attractively real, and he comes to Him thinking that if he has a private interview with this Young Radical Modernist, he may be able to fit Him into his orthodox system of religion. Jesus must have recognized the fine tolerant spirit of the man, but He cuts him short, and says you need something more than you have got; you need to see a new realm, you need to be born again.

Now I think Jesus would have a busy time with people like Nicodemus if He were here in flesh today. Jesus is just as fascinating today as He was 1900 years ago. People are drawn to Him with all kinds of expectations. Some think Him as a Great Hero; others as One who possesses the secrets of Business and Economics—a Socialist Genius; others again as a Repeating Pascal Lamb; still others in Mass for sins periodically; still others look upon Him as a Powerful Sensational Ruler Who is shortly to stretch out the world in a dramatic manner. Now I think Jesus would say to all these types of would-be-enquirers, "you may have an element of truth in your respective interpretations, but you do not see the whole truth, indeed ye must be born again before you can see the Kingdom of God."

It is well for us to notice that this New Birth as represented by Jesus consists not of turning a blind man into a good one, but rather a blind man into a man that sees. This new sight opens up a new realm of permanent experience. What was it that Nicodemus could not see? He says, "Jesus! Yes! But he did not see Him in his right setting. He could only see Jesus in the setting of Jewish history and Jewish orthodoxy. So it is with people today. They come to Him with their own preconceived setting; they have their respective plan of life individually and collectively, and they seek to make Him fit in."

What then is the true setting? Our text tells us. It is the Kingdom of God. Then what is the Kingdom of God? There are more than one hundred references to it in the New Testament, and I do not now intend to attempt a full definition of it. In simple words, the Kingdom of God is the Will of God done among men—it includes our Material Experience, our Social and Spiritual Relationships; it embodies all this Life and reaches out into Eternity—all brought into Harmony with the Will of God. So the true setting for Jesus ministry, teaching, and life, is the Invisible World of Eternity.

It is when a man sees that he is really born again, and has gotten within him the secret of Personal Salvation. When a man sees his own life in the light of the Will of God functioning in all the phases of life and extending from now on through eternity that he is born again, and the new abundant life has begun to function in him. Now some people, like Nicodemus, are mystified relative to this truth. There is no reason why we should be; it is quite simple. To be born is to begin to live; to be born again is to begin to live in the larger realm, the realm which transcends the materialistic and the materialistic life. It is to begin to see things in the Light of the More Abundant Life.

But, how does a man acquire that Sight? How did ordinary living things acquire Sight? Physiological Scientists tell us that in the process of evolution, when the human organism was as yet blind, for a long time it was conscious of light falling on it from without, constantly troubling it. The latent desire within the organism

kept reaching out to lay hold on the light. Out of that constant effort to lay hold on light grew the human eye. Whether we agree with that theory or not, we see something of its process in every baby. For days and weeks it cannot see, but it is conscious of the light, and keeps turning towards it and trying to experience it. It is in some such way the Spiritual Eye grows. What, in this respect, is doubtful and mysterious, or, maybe, even dark today, is full of light and life more abundant, and we may comprehend that Light by constantly reaching out towards it. The latent desire towards it is God given and it is within us all. We exercise it differently. The Old Negro Woman, on hearing the Gospel of Jesus preached for the first time, exclaimed "I always knew there must be a God like that!" Some, who are full of energy, like Saul of Tarsus, even try the very opposite sources to find the Light. He was actually on his way to persecute the Christian Church when the Light struck him, and he saw Jesus and His Kingdom, and his own purpose in this so clearly that his whole career was changed forthwith. Lydia, the quiet travelling saleswoman who had indirectly heard of God revealed in Jesus, when she listened to the clear revelation explained by Paul, said "that is just the Light I have been reaching out for, now I see clearly." She became one of the pillars of that local church.

It has been my pleasure from time to time to lead individual boys and girls into the Light. Up to that time they were like tethered young animals plunging from place to place—going all the time but going nowhere. When they saw the Light of their High Calling as Co-partners with God, Young brothers of Jesus in the great Brotherhood of Man, privileged workers in the Father's universe, then they went forth to prosper in the Light of the Eternal Day.

Of course, even this is only the beginning of Personal Salvation. Like the new blade springing up from the kernel of wheat daily responding to the Strong Sun, warmth and moisture, it triumphs over its own weakness and its surrounding opposition until it measures up to its full stature, which in turn is crowned with fruit—thirty, sixty or a hundredfold. There is no better picture of the New Life in Christ. As we daily respond to His Power, Warmth and Service, He says to us "you can triumph over yourself, over your worst enemies, and over all your opposition, and in and through your life my Kingdom will be multiplied, by others being again through your instrumentalality, thirty, sixty or a hundredfold. Such is the process of Personal Salvation."

**'RUNNING FOR OFFICE.'**  
It often seems a queer state of affairs that the term should be used—"running for reeve, or councillors." Why should any individual who is capable of fulfilling these positions be expected to "run for them?" It has always appeared a wrong conception to us. Men who are successful in business of other activities will usually carry the same qualities into public office. These are naturally the men that the ratepayers want to administer their affairs.

The more fair way would seem to be that the electors would seek out these men and assure their election in their own interest rather than an anticipatory candidates to beg and argue for the support of voters. If we've admired the work of an individual on a public body, be it just a committee, or a board, or a council, why should we have your criticism. If you would have your town or country run successfully, induce successful individuals to perform their citizenship duties.

Don't wait for them to "run for office." It's up to citizens to "run the best men," and assure their election. Seek these men out and make sure they are placed in nomination. Friendships are a fine thing, but remember it is not always a friendly act to place an unqualified man in a public position he cannot fill with credit. These are days when careful administration is necessary in all affairs and when the services of outstanding men are essential to keep the community to the forefront. Make sure such candidates are "run" for office and forget the idea of your vote being such a large item to be sought after. Your vote is merely your voice. Your utterances with this voice are judged in election. Every community needs a wide circle.—EX

**VEGREVILLE PLANS FOR TOURNAMENT**  
A three day hockey tournament, in which it is expected teams representing Lloydminster, Vermilion, Minburn, Manville, Viking, Holden, Lamont and Chipman, as well as the Vegreville Mounted Rifle team, will compete, is being planned locally.

If present plans mature, the tournament will open in the Vegreville Arena on the evening of Thursday, February 18th.

**LENT**  
(From the Western Catholic)  
The great penitential season is close at hand, the followers of Christ are about to start their fixed, annual forty days of prayer and mortification, another Lent will begin. For the past two weeks the Church has sought to attune the hearts and minds of her faithful members to the season. She has stripped her altars of flowers and ornaments, she has clad her priests in vestments of sombre purple hue, she has hushed the joyous Alleluia and stilled the gladness Gloria of the Mass. As Lent opens on Wednesday next, the faithful will through their churches and line the altar rails to receive with all humility and compunction, the blessed ashes on their foreheads. "Remember, man, thou art but dust, and into dust thou shalt return." This solemn admonition effects the first purpose of the Lenten season; that man should pause and reflect upon this primary truth of Life. And man needs to pause and reflect at stated times, lest his temporal interests should absorb his mind and heart to the neglect of his eternal interests. The significance of the blessed ashes should impress his mind and move his heart that he would realize fully that he stands on the threshold of another "day of salvation," and it may be the last "accepted time" for him.

Penance is the great feature of Lent; penance is the only way of salvation once innocence is lost. God has required always that His Supreme Dominion be recognized by His creatures, that His sovereign rights and expressed commands be respected and observed. He is, indeed, the God of Love and Mercy, but He is equally the God of Justice. And as often as His rights have been impugned and His commandments contravened, He has required and demanded repentance and satisfaction as the essential conditions of pardon and reconciliation. Or did He lavish His favors on His chosen people, but as often as they turned away, disregarded His dominion over them, forgot His goodness to them, and violated His covenant with them, He chastised them with material and physical scourges till they did penance "unto the remission of sin." Jesus Christ became incarnate in His life of love and mercy for men; His life on earth in word and deed, was the personification of love and mercy; He died to save men because He loved men. "Greater love no man hath than that he lay down his life for his friends."—St. John 15:13.

The compliance with or the fulfillment of the great Lenten precept of penance is not confined to or fully comprised in the regulations for fast and abstinence. These, indeed, are the more acceptable and more fruitful means of penance, when observed and performed with the right spirit and motive. The Pharisees were so assiduous and punctilious in all external phases of the Law, but Jesus condemns them because they vitiated their good works by their pride and self-righteousness. The law of penance is not wholly suspended when one cannot observe the right spirit, fast or abstinence; the requirement of penance still holds, but it is changed or commuted to some other form or mode. All must do penance in one form or another. And the Christian spirit or motive of penance is to do the will of God and to save one's self.

The Christian idea of happiness here is to overcome the natural inclination to evil, to become almost impervious to what is base and sordid and sinful, by begetting and fostering a strong love of what is noble and good, making for peace and serenity of soul despite trials, tribulations and crosses. The happy state is attained by way of penance. Penance, indeed, may begin with fear, but it ends in love, "which casteth out fear." It is the story of the Prodigal repeated and multiplied in every Lenten season; remorse, contrition, self-abasement, but still hopeful, the return to his father's house, self-accusation, the plea for pardon—and all ends in a wonderful love-feast. That is the constantly recurring drama of Lent with its theme of penance; not to hurt but to help man, not to make man miserable, but to make him truly happy, happy again in his Father's House.

The tax mill rate for the village of Castor last year was 63 mills.

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VISITING

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BRITISH COLUMBIA

A new and very modern  
Conveniently located  
Hotel

Excellent Coffee Shop

320 Rooms; 320 Baths  
Single from \$2.50  
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Ideal Location  
GEORGIA & HOWE STREETS

**HOTEL  
GEORGIA**  
CONVENIENT GARAGE ACCOMMODATIONS

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EVERYTHING NEWEST—Rates \$2.00 to \$3.00  
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RATES: \$1.00; BATHS \$1.50 Weekly and Monthly Rates.

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Ladies and Childrens sewing  
Neatly and quickly done.  
Prices Reasonable

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**IRMA TIMES**  
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A Good Advertising Medium and a  
Reliable Newspaper on Oil Activities

**ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST**

No matter how well organized a newspaper is, it is impossible for its reporters to gather all the local items of interest—some of your acquaintance has taken a trip or returned from one; you have friends or relatives visiting you; a former citizen has returned on a visit—all of these small incidents, and many more, are of interest to our readers.

As we wish to make this paper a more live, local newspaper, we would greatly appreciate receiving local items from our readers. By informing us of local news, you are doing us an appreciated service, as well as a service to our readers.

**RYLEY RELIEF**  
COSTS INCREASE

Increased expenditures for relief, together with decreased tax collections, have resulted in village financial difficulties, it was reported at the recent annual meeting of taxpayers here. Ralph C. Hulbert was elected to the council, succeeding J. L. Hay, retired.

**Irma Pool Room**  
And  
**Barber Shop**

SOFT DRINKS, TOBACCO  
CIGARS, Etc.

Agent for  
SNOWFLAKE LAUNDRY

Laundry sent on Tuesday train  
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Office above Drug Store  
Gas Anaesthesia and Vitalizing  
Office Hours: 9-12 A.M., 1-6 P.M.  
and by appointment.

Will be at—  
Viking every Monday, Tuesday and Saturday.  
Holden the first and third Wednesday of each month.  
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For professional services,  
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**IRVING KLINE**  
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10123 101st Street  
Just Off Jasper Avenue,  
EDMONTON, ALBERTA

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Hold their Regular Meeting Every  
First and Third Thursday of Each  
Month in the I. O. O. F. Hall  
Visiting Brothers Always Welcome.  
J. A. Smallwood, Secretary, Irma

IRMA L. O. L. No. 2066  
Meets the last Thursday in Each  
Month at 8 p.m.  
Worshipful Master W. Cole  
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Visiting Orangemen always Welcome

## Prevent Grippy Colds

with Vitamin-rich

## SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Norwegian Cod Liver Oil

To Build Resistance Easy to Digest

## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Illinois estate of the late William Wrigley, Jr., valued at \$20,215,000, was left largely to his family.

The Canadian Pacific Railway is shipping rhubarb to prairie points from British Columbia.

Ratification of a definite boundary line between Alberta and British Columbia will be sought from the Dominion at the session of parliament.

During January 190,000 gallons of tallow were shipped by prairie meat packers over C.N.R. lines to soap manufacturers in the east.

Moscow's streets are being renamed. "God's House Street" has become "Atheist Street," and St. George Way "now is "Karl Marx Street."

The king's state crown, the most dazzling object in the jewel room in the Tower of London, has been removed for alteration.

A "victory monument" of some ancient ruler, carved long before the days of Columbus, has been discovered in Yucatan, Central America.

Madame Alphonse Bertillon, widow of the famous inventor of the fingerprint system internationally used, died in Paris Jan. 25. She was eighty-three years old.

To safeguard Melbourne, Australia, against water shortage in dry seasons a reservoir has been constructed that next year will have a capacity of 8,800,000,000 gallons.

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics reports indicate that in the last three months of 1931 the export of Canadian bacon to Great Britain was 6,497,800 pounds, as compared with 2,297,100 in the last quarter of 1930.

Not one cent of public money has been spent this year to bring immigrants to Canada, F. C. Blair, of the immigration department, said in answer to a report that 200 Y.M.C.A. boys were being brought to Canada.

### Was Slightly Mixed

"Who is the King of England?" asked His Honor Judge F. A. G. Cusley, while presiding at the naturalizations examinations in Swift Current.

"R. B. Bennett," came back the reply from a dusky would-be citizen of European extraction.

Canada normally produces \$6,000,000 worth of maple products in a year.

An automatic corn picker and husker has been invented to do the work of 16 men.

## Send for This FREE BOOK

Mail the attached coupon and we will send you a copy of our new cook book, "The Good Provider," with over a hundred delicious recipes for puddings, pies, cakes, pastries, etc., and a wide variety of other things you can make better with—

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## LEG AILMENTS

If you suffer from varicose veins, varicose ulcers, swollen legs, tender feet and other similar disorders, write for full information about ELASTO, the famous treatment which has brought relief to thousands of men and women—free sample sent post free on request.

The New Era Treatment Co. Limited, Dept. 153 I, 455 Craig St. W., Montreal.

W. N. U. 1928

## Saskatchewan Motor Licenses

Minister Of Highways Explains Reasons Why Increase Was Necessary This Year

Decision of the Saskatchewan Government to increase motor license fees by \$5 per license, has been subject of some criticism, and some protests have been received by the Department concerned, according to the Hon. A. C. Stewart, K.C., Minister of Highways.

Discussing the situation, Hon. Mr. Stewart stated suggestions have been made that further increase of the gasoline tax might be used as an added source of revenue and that the motor license fee might be revised downward, if at all. This matter had been carefully considered, said Mr. Stewart, and the motor license fee increase ultimately decided upon for revenue purposes. Elaborating his statement, the Minister said: With practically one quarter of the population of the province not only incapacitated from contributing to the revenue but receiving the help necessary to sustenance from the Government, the urgent need for increased revenue is obvious.

In taking this action the Government is merely placing the license fee back where it was prior to January 1st, 1930. At that time a regulation reducing the motor license fee by five dollars was adopted. It has been found however that during the two years since then the number of motor licenses have decreased. In 1929 when the higher fee prevailed there were 108,530 licenses issued during 1929. In 1930 there were 108,161 private car licenses issued, and in 1931 the figures had fallen away to 101,276 or 16,885 less licenses than in 1930. On the other hand the gasoline tax had been increased from three to five cents per gallon. This has not resulted in increased revenue proportionate to the increase in the tax. Directly the tax was increased, the exemption claims increased and many claims for exemptions made under the five cent tax that would not have been made under the three cent tax. Joining the revenue figures under this item the conclusion can hardly fail to be drawn, that its increase has led to evasions and misrepresentations that would not have occurred had it remained at the previous figure. It is also apparent that gasoline has been used in motor cars for which exemptions were often claimed and obtained, without the possibility of any system being devised for its prevention. This experience has been similar to that of other provinces and states where the gasoline tax has been increased. When the tax was increased there was also an increase in the bootlegging of gasoline from the States and from Alberta particularly of a cheaper type of motor fuel like haphtha and distillate. In the portion of Saskatchewan contiguous to the Alberta boundary, the revenues from the gasoline tax have been greatly reduced. Legislation will be introduced to deal with this bootlegging system, but conditions in this respect are difficult, and it is apparent that an increase in the gasoline tax instead of increasing the revenue in accordance with the increase, would lead to further tax evasion, wrongful claims for exemptions, and increase possibilities and profits of bootlegging.

In this connection there has been trouble with some of the oil companies failing to pay to the Government the full amount of gasoline tax collections. Previous to this year the oil companies were paid a commission of two and a half per cent, on their collections. In view of the fact that the tax was raised from three to five cents per gallon and no extra work entailed on collections, the commission was reduced from two and a half per cent to two per cent. In spite of this fact some of the oil companies have not complied with this regulation, but have deducted two and a half per cent from the collections remitted to the Government. If this condition continues it may be necessary to pass legislation taxing these companies by direct taxation to the extent of this commission, and to make such legislation retrospective. It may also be necessary to consider a direct tax on all gasoline imported into the Province or refined here, instead of the present method of gasoline tax collections, and thus obviate all possibility of defrauding the Government.

Last year a good deal of leniency was shown with regard to the collection of motor license fees in the drought area, but complaints have been received from farmers who paid their licenses, that neighbors were running their cars without licenses. This year, a strict observance of the Motor License Act will be enforced, and car owners running their cars either by day or night without licenses, will be subject to prosecution and, if the fines are not paid, the consequences will be serious. It is obvious-

for  
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**BUCKLEY'S MIXTURE**  
is Canada's standard remedy. It cures all other cough and cold preparations. BETTER—that's why—than DIFFERENT.  
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A SINGLE SPOONFUL DOES IT

ly impossible to operate the motor license system, if discrimination is shown. A reasonable opportunity will be given to owners to pay their licenses, and the law will then be strictly enforced. The Farmer Government of Alberta, which followed the Saskatchewan reduction of licenses in 1931, is this year increasing their licenses to the same extent as in this province.

Owing to the roads being blocked in the northern portion of the province, few licenses are being taken out in that area as compared with last year. Last Monday, however, the Motor License Branch at Regina was busier than at any previous time in its history. Renewal of operators' licenses should be made when the motor license is purchased, and the old license should be sent in on the application for a new one.

### Robots Supplant Bobbies

London Finds Automatic Traffic Signals Equally Efficient and Cheaper

Hundred of policemen have been released from traffic duty in London because robots have proved equally efficient and much cheaper.

Automatic signaling will be adopted on a wide scale before long, and all circuits and crossroads will have their flashing traffic lights. "A jolly good job, too," commented one traffic policeman on hearing the news. "Do you think we like to spend our time remonstrating with motorists who say they cannot see our signals? Do you think we call a man's job? It was pushed on us by the traffic problem, but we have got plenty of more important jobs."

### Bad Constipation And Sick Headaches Ended By Vegetable Pills

Formerly I was wracked from Constipation, Sick Headaches and Indigestion. Mr. V. H. writes: "It was a red-letter day for me when a friend recommended Carter's Little Liver Pills. Results have been marvelous." Because they are PURELY VEGETABLE, a gentle effective tonic to both liver and bowels, Dr. Carter's Little Liver Pills are without equal for correcting Acidity, Bilelessness, Poor Complexion and Indigestion. 25c & 75c red pkg. Ask for Carter's by NAME.

### Trans-Canada Highway

Ontario Government Asks For Federal Funds To Carry On Work

The Dominion cabinet has under consideration the request of the Ontario government for further appropriation to make it possible to continue work on the trans-Canada Highway. Hon. William Finlayson, Ontario Minister of Lands and Forests, was in Ottawa recently when he laid before some of the ministers the need for additional appropriations. It is contended that unless the appropriations are made it will be necessary to close down the work, throwing some 10,000 men out of employment.

### Canadian Bacon Exports

"Feed and Breed" was the call to the farmers of Canada about a year and a half ago when it was found impossible to supply the demand in Great Britain for Canadian bacon. There was a shortage in Canada. A statement issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics says that in the last three months of 1931 the export of Canadian bacon to Great Britain was 6,497,800 lbs., as compared with 2,297,100 in the last quarter of 1930.

Some husbands would do almost anything to render their wives unpeakably happy.

## Teething

"Baby's Own Tablets take away that teething fever," writes Mrs. Alred Bungey, North Sydney, N.S. Effective also in relieving colds, fever, colic, upset stomach, constipation. Children like them. Absolutely SAFE—See analyst's certificate in each 25c package. 2/1

**Dr. Williams' BABY'S OWN TABLETS**

### Not Merely a Saying

Term "Old England" Fittingly Describes Parts Of Country

Announcement is made by a rural council in Essex, England, that a row of Elizabethan houses, built in 1580, which have been continuously occupied since that time, are to be overhauled and made more up to date.

The term "Old England" comes trippingly on the tongue, and this is an illustration of what "Old England" means. There is a surprisingly large number of old houses and buildings in England which have been in use for hundreds of years and are still habitable and giving good service. Notably in York and Chester there are such places, York having a school which is going strong although some six hundred years old. All over the country, in fact, there are bits of "Old England," excellently preserved inside and out, which can be seen cheek by jowl with modern premises.

In Holborn, one of the main arteries of London, which merges into Oxford Street, there is a whole block of Tudor buildings, which are occupied by stores. What scenes they could describe if walls could speak.

Wealthy people sometimes buy some charming old Elizabethan home in a sylvan locality for a summer retreat, or for all the year round occupation, transforming them into the most delightful and cosy modern homes. Ellen Terry lived in one after she retired and died there. "Old England" is not merely a saying. It is a fact.

### Newspaper Costs

Weekly Expenses Of New York Times Are Enormous

People who want to go into the newspaper business should study these figures:

The New York Times has a weekly payroll of \$178,285. Weekly cable and wire tolls on an average of 87,000 words daily, runs to \$9,672 every week. A total of 3,700 employees are engaged in all Times departments, of which 651 are in the editorial and news departments.

Daily telephone calls number 10,000. Yearly consumption of paper equals 110,095 tons. Ink consumption runs to 4,664,735 pounds. And for welfare activities the Times yearly spends \$500,111.

The New York American, despite the increased advertising revenue received as a result of the World folding up, is reported to be again losing money and attempting to raise its advertising rates to make up the difference. Raised from 25 to 45 cents a line some time ago, its business executives now wish to give the rate another boost upward.

### Death Of Metals

Statement Is Made That Earth's Mineral Supply Is Dwindling

An end to the age of metals is foreseen by Prof. Theodore J. Hoover, dean of the Stanford School of Engineering, and brother of the President.

Envisaging a startling change from the current complaints about over-production of many commodities, including those from underground, Dean Hoover said a dearth of metals would come upon the world, first probably becoming apparent with respect to gold and tin.

"Substitutes will be found," he said, "for each metal and mineral in turn as it becomes scarce, but a programme for a dwindling mineral supply is inevitable."

"My guess is that the first signs of this pinch will become evident to thoughtful persons within a century, if they are not even now discernible."

### Creates Newer Noise

That wood and metal have different rates of expansion and contraction is the explanation for many of those noises that creep suddenly into the car in cold weather. Where wood and metal parts come together snugly under ordinary conditions, contraction may pull them slightly apart in cold weather, permitting rubbing and consequently noise.

Giant African forest hogs grow nearly to the size of a small hippopotamus.

Bronson: "Why did you bargain for a reduction of 15c. on that suit when you know you don't mean to pay for it?"

Bright: "So that the poor tailor won't lose so much."

### Reducing Running Costs

By installing a huge water-softening plant, which will deal with the 4,000,000,000,000 gallons of water used annually in their locomotives, a British railway expects to reduce their upkeep costs and coal consumption.

The half moon is only one-ninth as bright as the full moon.

**IT'S DELICIOUS**  
On Pancakes with Bread or Table Syrup  
**EDWARDSBURG CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP**  
The CANADA STARCH CO., Limited, MONTREAL

### Manitoba May Be Policed By Mounties

Province Starts Negotiating For Taking Over Patrol Work

Negotiations for merging of Manitoba's provincial police force with the Royal Canadian Mounted Police have been started says Premier John Eracken, who discussed the matter with Dominion Government authorities while in Ottawa.

It is estimated in government circles at Winnipeg, that the province would save \$140,000 a year in the cost of law enforcement by having the R.C.M.P. take over the duties of the provincial force.

A despatch from Ottawa says the change to the R.C.M.P. force for Manitoba policing has been expected for some time. Indications are not lacking that further developments in due course will bring British Columbia also into this reorganization.

It is known that sentiment in the three maritime provinces is strong for the adoption of this scheme there and that, indeed, one of those provinces has asked that its provincial police be trained by the Royal Mounted. Unofficial comment here is that the Royal Mounted will be gradually developed until its duties comprise the policing of the whole Dominion, exclusive of urban municipalities; and that the headquarters here will eventually become a sort of Canadian "Scotland Yard."

### New President Elected

Frederick E. Bronson, of Ottawa, was elected president of the Canadian Forestry Association at the 32nd annual meeting of the organization in Montreal. He succeeds R. O. Sweeney, retired president. Robson Black, also of Ottawa, was chosen as vice-president, retaining at the same time his position of general-manager of the association.

India exported 55,000,000 pounds of tea in a recent month.



Price 50c a box

Sold at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

### Sorry To See Night Coming She Could Not Sleep

Mrs. K. McElroy, Kirkfield, Ont., writes:—"I was very nervous and run down, was short of breath, and had smothering feelings, and was sorry to see night coming as I could not lie down or go to sleep."

I was advised to use Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I took seven boxes and am now completely relieved; can sleep fine all night, and have gained in weight."

## Foods Stay Fresh Longer This Way



Covered with Para-Sani

Heavy Waxed

Paper goods that usually

stale in a day or so stay

fresh for quite a long time. Try

it. Get Para-Sani in the handy,

sanitary, knife-edged carton at grocer,

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uses get "Centre Pull" Packs in sheet form.

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**Fresh out of the box**

... after the show ... at bridge parties ... teas ... dinners ... always ... serve Christie's Snow Flake Sodas. Their fine flavor and flaky freshness add a zest to every mouthful.

**Christie's SNOW FLAKE SODAS**

In the big, new, family-size package.

## THE HOUSE OF DREAMS-COME-TRUE

— BY —

MARGARET FIEDLER  
Author of  
"The Splendid Polio," "The Hermit of Far East,"  
Hodder & Stoughton, Ltd., London.

### CHAPTER XII.—Continued.

"Wait till you're tempted," he said shortly. "Wait till what you want wars against what you ought to have—what you've the right to take."

For a moment she made no answer. But bluntly like that, the matter suddenly presented itself to her as one of the poignant possibilities of life. Supposing—supposing such a choice should ever be demanded of her? She felt a vague fear catch at her heart, an indefinable dread.

When at last she spoke, the eyes she lifted to meet Tormarin's were troubled. In them he could read the innate honesty which was prepared to face the question he had raised, and behind that—courage. A young untried courage that was waiting to come call should wake it into fighting actuality.

"I hope," she said with a wistful humility that was rather touching, "I hope I should stick it out. One's ideals, and duty, and other people's rights—it would be horrible to scrap the lot—just for love."

"Worth it, perhaps. You"—his voice was the least bit uneven—"you haven't been up against love—yet."

Again she was conscious of that little catch at her heart—the same convulsive tightening of the muscles as one experiences when a telegram is put into one's hand which may, or may not, contain bad news.

"You haven't been up against love yet."

The words recalled her knowledge of the tragic episode that lay in Tormarin's own past. The whole history she did not know—only the odds and ends of gossip which one woman had

confided to another. But here, in the man's brevity of speech, surely lay proof that he had suffered. And if he had suffered, it followed that he must have cared deeply for the woman who had thrown him aside for the sake of another man.

Jean's first generous impulse of pity as she realized this was strangely intermingled with a fleeting disquiet, a subconscious sense of loss. It was only momentary, and not definitely enough for her to express in words, even to herself—hardly more than the slightly blank sensation produced upon anyone sitting in the sunshine when a cloud suddenly intervenes and drops a shadow where a moment before there had been warmth and light.

An instant later it was overborne by her spontaneous sympathy for the man beside her, and, recognizing the father's treatment of Judith, Craig and the story she had heard of the unknown woman's treatment of Tormarin himself, she tactfully deflected the conversation to something that would touch him less closely, launching into description of the life her parents had led at Beinfelds.

"They were wonderfully happy together there. Not in the least—as I suppose they ought to have been—an awful example of poetic justice!" she declared. "Glyn used to call Beinfelds his 'House of Dreams-Come-True.'"

"Glyn?"—suddenly remarking her use of Peterson's Christian name. She smiled.

"I never called them father and mother. They would have loathed it. Glyn used to say that anything which savoured so much of domesticity would kill romance!"

"That sounds like all that I have ever heard about him," said Tormarin, smiling too. "So does the 'House of Dreams-Come-True.' It's a charming idea."

"He took it from one of Jacqueline's songs. She had a glorious voice, you know."

"Yes, so I've heard. I suppose you have inherited it?"

She shook her head.

"No, I wish I had. But Jacqueline insisted on trying to teach me singing, all the same. Poor dear! I was a dreadful disappointment to her, I'm afraid."

"Couldn't you sing the 'House of Dreams' song? I'm rather curious to hear the remainder of it."

Jean rose and crossed to the piano. "Oh, yes, I can sing you that. Jacqueline always used to say it was the only thing I sang as if I understood it, and Glyn declared it was because it agreed with my 'confounded principles.'"

She smiled up at him as her fingers slid into the prelude of the song, but her little joke against herself brought no answering smile to his lips. Instead, he stood waiting for the song to begin with an odd kind of expectancy on his face.

Jean had most certainly not inherited her mother's exquisite voice, but she had a quaint little pipe of her own, with a clouded, husky quality in it that was not without its appeal. It lent a wistful charm to the simple words of the song.

"It's a strange road leads to the House of Dreams,"

To the House of Dreams—Come-True.

Its hills are steep and its valleys deep.

And with tears the Wayfarers weep.

The Wayfarers—I and you."

"But there's a sure way to the House of Dreams,

To the House of Dreams—Come-True.

We shall find it yet, ere the sun has set.  
If we face straight on, come fine, come wet,  
Wayfarers I and you."

The soft, husky voice ceased, and for a moment there was silence. Then Tormarin said quietly:

"Thank you. I don't think your mother need have felt any great disappointment concerning your voice. It has its own qualities, even if it is not suited to the concert hall."

"But the words of the song?" he questioned Jean eagerly. "Don't you like them?"

"It's a pretty enough idea." He laid a faint significant stress on the last word. "But for some of us the 'House of Dreams-Come-True' has never been built. Or, if it has, we've lost the way there."

There was a note of rigid acceptance in his voice, as though he no longer strove against the decisions of destiny, and Jean's eager sympathy leaped impulsively to her lips.

"Don't say that!" she began. "I hate to hear you speak in that way," she went on more quietly. "It sounds as though there were nothing worth trying for—worth waiting for. I like to believe that everyone has a house of dreams which may 'come true' some day." She paused. "If we face straight on, come fine, come wet," she repeated softly.

Her eyes had a far-away look in them, as though they were envisioning that narrow, winding track which leads, somewhere, to the place where dreams—the most wonderful of them—shall become realities.

Glorious faith and optimism of youth! If we could only recapture it in those after years, when time has added tolerance and a little wisdom to our harvest's store, the houses where dreams come true might add themselves together until there were whole streets of them—glowing townships—instead of merely an isolated dwelling here or there.

As Tormarin listened to Jean's young, eager voice, his face softened and some of the tired lines in it seemed to smooth themselves out.

"Little comrades," he said gently, and she felt her breath quicken as he called her again by the name which he had used at Montavan, and once, and once, when they had come suddenly face to face at Coombe Eavie Station. But that second time the words had escaped him unawares. Now he was using them deliberately, withholding no part of their significance. "Little comrades, I think the man who 'faces straight on' with you for fellow-traveller 'will' find the House of Dreams-Come-True. But it isn't—just any man who may start that journey with you. It mustn't be"—his grave eyes held hers intently—"a man who has tried to find the road once before—and failed."

It seemed to Jean that, as he spoke, the wall which he had built up between them since she came to Staple crumbled away. This was the same man she had known at Montavan, whose hands reached out to hers across some fixed dividing line which neither he nor she might pass. She knew now what that dividing line must be—the shadow hung by a past love, his love for Nesta Grey which had ended in hopeless tragedy.

There must always be a limit set to any friendship of theirs. So much he had implied at their first meeting. But, since then, he had taken even that friendship from her, substituting a deliberate indifference against which she had struggled in vain.

And now, without knowing quite how it had come about, the barrier was down. They were comrades once more—she and the Englishman from Montavan—and she was conscious of a great content that it should be so.

For the moment she asked nothing more, was unconscious of any further wish. The woman in her still slumbered, and to the girl, this friendship seemed enough. She did not realize that something deeper, more imperative in its ultimate demands, was mingled with it—was, indeed, unrecognized by her, the very essence of it.

### CHAPTER XIII.

"Will you walk into My ParLOUR?"

Jean, sculling leisurely down the river which ran between Staple and Willow Ferry, looked around her with a little thrill of enjoyment—the sheer, physical thrill of youth unconsciously in harmony with the climbing sap in the trees, with the upward thrust of young green, with all the exquisite recreation of Nature in the spring of the year.

Overhead arched a sky of velled, opalescent blue, and Jean, staring up at it with dreamy eyes, was reminded of the "great city" of the Book of Revelation whose "third foundation" was of chalcidion. This soft English sky must be the old foundation, she decided whimsically.

But the occupation of sky-gazing did not combine well with that of

steering a straight course down a stream whose width hardly entitled it to its local designation of "the river," and a few minutes later the boat's nose cannoned abruptly against the bank.

As, however, to tie up somewhere under the trees which edged the water had been Jean's original intention, this did not trouble her overmuch, and, discovering a gnarled stump convenient to her purpose, she looped the painter round it, collected the rug and a couple of cushions which she had brought with her, and established herself comfortably in the stern of the boat.

The time had slipped by so quickly that it was hard to believe that rather more than eight weeks had elapsed since that grey February evening when she had alighted on the little, deserted platform at Coombe Eavie Station. They had been quiet, happy weeks, filled with the pleasant building up of new friendships, and Jean reflected that she had almost grown to look upon Staple almost as "home." She possessed in a large measure the capacity to adapt herself to her surroundings, and realizing that Lady Anne had been perfectly sincere in her expressed desire to play at having a daughter, Jean had, at first a little tentatively, but afterwards, encouraged by Lady Anne's obvious delight, with more assurance, gradually assumed the duties that would naturally fall to the daughter of the house.

She had had one letter from Peterson since her arrival at Staple, a brief, characteristic note in which he expressed the hope that she liked England "better than her father ever could," but suggested that if she were bored she should return to Beinfelds, and ask some woman friend to stay with her; he warned her not to expect further letters from him for some time to come, as, according to his present plans—of which he volunteered no particulars—he expected to spend the next few months "as far from England as the restricted size of this world permits."

With this letter it seemed to Jean as though the last link with her former life had snapped. She felt no regret. Beinfelds, and the unconventional, rather exotic life she had led there—dictated by her parents' whims and the practically unlimited wealth to gratify them which Peterson's successful speculation had achieved—seemed very far away, and Staple, with its peaceful, evening English life, very near and enfolding.

Her first visit to Charnwood had been a disappointment. Under changing ownerships, little new remained to excite her of the generations of Petersons who had lived there long ago. Such of the old pieces of furniture and china as Peterson had not considered worth transferring to Beinfelds at his father's death had been bought by the next owners of the place, and had been taken away by them when they, in their turn, disposed of the property. In less than 9 months a life of generations had been bought by the next owners of the place, and had been taken away by them when they, in their turn, disposed of the property. In less than 9 months a life of generations had been bought by the next owners of the place, and had been taken away by them when they, in their turn, disposed of the property.

Sir Adrian Latimer had translated the words to Jean, with a cynical gleam in his heavy-lidded eyes and accompanying the translation by a caustic reference to her father. The drug had not so far dulled his intellect. On the contrary, it seemed to have had the opposite effect of endowing him with an almost uncanny

## "PAINS ALL OVER ME"

Rheumatism Again!

And once again it was the "little daily dose" of Kruschen that conquered it. In fact, it made this sufferer "feel ever so well."

"I have been taking Kruschen Salts because of having pains in the back, head and joints' pains all over me. I felt tired going to bed, tired getting up. I was in a very bad way. I was laid up for over a month, and the doctor who attended me said I was suffering from acute rheumatism, and advised me to take Kruschen Salts. In less than 9 months I felt ever so well. I can't thank you enough for Kruschen Salts."—G. O.

The principle is this: Kruschen Salts drive from your body the uric acid crystals which cause your pain. Your immediately twisted joints become loose. Afterwards the "little daily dose" of Kruschen so stimulates the liver and kidneys that your inside is kept clean. Mischievous uric acid does not get the chance to accumulate.

### FREE TRIAL OFFER

If you have never tried Kruschen—try it at our expense. We have distributed a great many "Gift" packages which make it easy for you to prove our claim for yourself. Write for the details of this offer.

One of our regular 75c. bottle together with a separate trial bottle—sufficient for about two weeks' use—is sent absolutely free of charge. If you are not entirely convinced that Kruschen is the best, we will refund your money. Your drugstore is authorized to return your "Gift" package without question. If you feel Kruschen "try" at our expense. Write for details to: G. O. Kruschen, Ltd., 150, St. James Street, London, W. 1, England.



## ROYAL YEAST CAKES

give you breads in tempting Variety..

MEALS become twice as interesting if you vary the bread occasionally.

Rolls, coffee cakes, buns ... there's no limit to the breads you can make with Royal Yeast Cakes and the new Royal Sponge\* Recipe.

Royal Yeast Cakes keep for months. Be sure to have a supply on hand to use when you bake at home. Send for free Royal Yeast Cake Book Standard Brands Ltd., Fraser Ave. & Liberty Street, Toronto, Ont.

insight into people's minds, so that he could pick them out on a sensitive spot with unerring accuracy and a diabolical enjoyment of the process.

Jean could understand, now, of what Claire had been thinking on the occasion of their first meeting, when she had spoken of the influences of the people who inhabit a house. The whole atmosphere of Charnwood seemed permeated with the influence of Adrian Latimer—a grey, sinister, unwholesome influence, like the miasma which rises from some poisonous swamp.

The hell upon earth which he contrived to make of life for his young wife had been a revelation to Jean, accustomed as she had been to the exquisite love and tenderness with which her father had surrounded Jacqueline.

Sir Adrian's chief pleasure in life seemed to be to thwart and humiliate his wife in every possible way, and once, in an access of indignation over some small refinement of cruelty of which he had been guilty, Jean had declared her intention of giving him her frank opinion of his behaviour. She had never forgotten the look of bitter amusement with which Claire had greeted the suggestion.

"Do you know what would happen? He would listen to you with the utmost politeness, and very likely let you think you had impressed him. But afterwards he would 'make me pay' for a day, or a week, or a month. Till his revenge was satisfied. And he would put an end to our friendship—"

"He couldn't!" Jean had interrupted impulsively.

"Couldn't he? You don't know Adrian. ... And I can't afford to lose you, Jean. You're one of my few comforts in life. Promise me"—she caught Jean's hands in hers and held them tightly—"promise me that you will do nothing that you won't try to interfere? I can generally manage him—more or less. And when I can't, why, I have to put up with the consequences of my own bad management"—with a smile that was more sad than tears.

(To Be Continued.)

No Rest With Asthma. Asthma usually attacks at night, the one time when rest is needed most. Hence the loss of strength, the nervous debility, the loss of flesh and other evils which must be expected unless relief is secured. Fortunately relief is possible. She J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has proved its merits through years of service. A trial will surely convince you.

A woman writer remarks that there are many people who cannot live on an income of \$5,000 a year. We must admit that we have never done it—

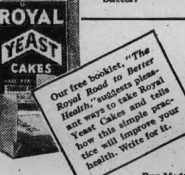
Miller's Worm Powders will purge the stomach and intestines of worms effectively, so easily and pleasantly that the most delicate stomach will not feel any inconvenience from their action. They recommend themselves to mothers as a preparation that will restore strength and vigor to their children and protect them from the debilitating effects which result from the depredations of worms.

### Royal Sponge\* Streusel Cake

To 1½ cups Royal Yeast Sponge\* add 2 tablespoons butter, creamed, ½ cup light brown sugar, 1 egg well beaten, 2½ cups flour to make soft dough. Knead lightly. Place in greased covered bowl in warm place. Let rise until double in bulk (about 1½ hours). Roll out dough ¼ inch thick, prick with fork, brush top with melted butter, sprinkle with Streusel Topping. Let rise in warm place about 30 minutes. Bake at 350° F. to 400° F. Makes 4 cakes.

Streusel Topping: Cream ¼ cup butter with ¼ cup sugar and mix with ½ cup flour, ½ cup bread crumbs and 1 teaspoon cinnamon. Stir until dry and crumbly.

\*ROYAL YEAST SPONGE—Soak 1 Royal Yeast Cake in ½ pint lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Dissolve 1 tablespoon sugar in ½ pint milk. Add to dissolved yeast cake. Add 1 quart bread flour. Beat thoroughly. Cover and let rise over night. Double bulk, keeping in warm place free from draughts. Makes 5 to 6 cups of batter.



Buy Made-In-Canada Goods

Customer: "You have not been a salesman long?"  
Salesman: "How do you know, madame?"  
Customer: "You still blush when you mention the prices."

## Rheumatism So Bad He Had to Quit Work

Albert Berger Not Bothered Since Relieved by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Working Every Day Now.

"I was terribly bothered with a weak back and rheumatism in my legs when I had to stop working and stay in the house. I was two weeks in bed when a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I gave the Pills a fair trial, and they relieved me right away. My back is good and strong now, and I am working every day. I have never been bothered with rheumatism since. I recommend them for anyone suffering from Rheumatism, Lame Back, Sciatica. Rheumatism and kindred ailments thin the blood very rapidly. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills enrich the blood stream and create new red blood cells, which is the reason they are so successful in combating such ailments. Equally good for all run-down or nervously exhausted people. Try them. At your druggist's. 50c. 2/3

Sympathetic Neighbor: "How is the boss?"  
Wife of Invalid: "I'm all right, thanks."



## COMFORT for COLICKY BABIES

... THROUGH CASTORIA'S GENTLE REGULATION

The best way to prevent colic, doctors say, is to avoid gas in stomach and bowels by keeping the entire intestinal tract open, free from waste. But remember this: a tiny baby's tender organs cannot stand harsh treatment. They must be gently urged. This is just the time Castoria can help most. Castoria, you know, is made especially for babies and children. It is a pure vegetable preparation, perfectly harmless. It contains no harsh drugs, no narcotics. For years it has helped mothers through trying times with colicky babies and children suffering with digestive upsets, indigestion, and fever. Keep genuine Castoria on hand, with the name:

CASTORIA CHILDREN CRY FOR IT

# FINANCIAL STATEMENT for the Year Ending December 31, 1931, for the MUNICIPAL DISTRICT of BUFFALO COULLEE No. 453, ALBERTA

RECEIPTS			ASSETS			LIABILITIES			NOTICE			
Cash on Hand Dec. 31, 1930	\$355.44		Cash on Hand Dec. 31, 1931 (Mun. Only)	55.07		Outstanding Cheques Dec. 31, 1931 (Mun. Acct)	11.79		TAKE NOTICE that a meeting of the electors of the Municipal District of Buffalo Coulee, No. 453, will be held at the Saulteaux School, at one o'clock in the afternoon, Saturday, 20th of February, 1932, for the discussion of the affairs of the district, and the nomination of Candidates for the office of Councillors, and Hospital Representatives, and that such nominations will be there and then received between the hours of three and four o'clock in the afternoon; and that it is proposed to vote on By-Law No. 4, (otherwise known as the Municipal District By-Law) of this Municipality, which is as follows:			
Bank Balance Dec. 31, 1930	\$483.87	\$5839.31	As Per Bank Books Dec. 31, 1931 (Mun. Only)	232.87	\$287.94	LOANS:			BY-LAW No. 4			
RECEIPTS ON ACCOUNT MUNICIPAL REVENUE:			UNCOLLECTED MUNICIPAL TAXES:			TRUST LIABILITIES:			A By-Law of the Municipal District of Buffalo Coulee to authorize a grant to a medical doctor to attend residents of that part of the Municipal District more particularly described as follows:-			
Municipal Taxes including Costs	14218.36		Municipal Taxes Uncollected	12505.13		Municipal-Principal	\$3058.59		Township 48, Range 8, West of the 4th Meridian			
ADVANCES AND CHARGES REPAID:			Commissions-Prov. Taxes	73.05		School-Principal	\$433.57		Township 48, Range 9, West of the 4th Meridian			
Hospital, Aid and Relief (charge to person)	32.35	100.35	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE:			Hospital-Principal	794.91	10287.07	Township 49, Range 8, West of the 4th Meridian			
Seed Grain and Feed Relief	77.00		Commissions-Prov. Taxes			Supplementary Revenue			Township 49, Range 9, West of the 4th Meridian			
FINES, FEES, LICENSES, COMMISSIONS, ETC.:			FIXED ASSETS:			Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931	3183.94					
Interest and Exchange	36.85		Office Furniture and Fixtures	200.00		Collections not remitted Dec. 31, 1931	880.03					
Seizure or T. R. Costs	82.00		Machinery and Tools	8220.00	8420.00	Educational						
Tax Cert. Fees	3.75		TRUST ASSETS:			Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931	152.00					
Government Road Grant	3174.00		Supplementary Revenue			Collections not remitted Dec. 31, 1931	88.10					
Commissions-Prov. Government	483.28	3942.26	Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931	3183.94		Wild Lands						
School Districts	162.38		Educational			Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931	2727.47					
LOANS:			Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931	152.00		Collections not remitted Dec. 31, 1931	492.92					
Municipal	7450.00		Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931	2727.47		Hospital						
School \$14218.30; Hospital \$3487.50	17705.80	25155.80	Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931	4993.91		Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931	4993.91					
SUNDRY:			Collections in Bank and on Hand	426.55		Collections not remitted Dec. 31, 1931	426.55					
Overpaid Taxes	30.26		Hall			Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931	346.93					
Foundage Excess	11.02		Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931	346.93		Seed Grain and Feed Relief Due						
Refunds Received	10.00		Seed Grain and Feed Relief Owing by Farmers (Gov. Guarantee)		52.77	Provincial Government						
Expense	1.01	53.29	Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931	52.77		Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931	52.77					
Copy of By-Law	1.00		School			Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931	22857.28					
TRUST MONIES RECEIVED:			Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931	22857.28	34740.55	Collections not remitted Dec. 31, 1931	2138.51	38340.40				
Supplementary Revenue	3206.66		TOTAL		\$56026.97	Balance Assets over Liabilities		7387.71				
Educational	444.98					TOTAL		\$56026.97				
Wild Lands	3284.74		INVENTORY OF EQUIPMENT.									
Hospital	374.79		Office Equipment	\$200.00		SEED GRAIN AND FEED RELIEF STATEMENT						
Hall Insurance	30.00		Graders	6375.00		(Standing of District with Farmers)						
School	9008.41		Fresnos	1060.00		Government Guarantee Seed Grain:						
Reported School Arrears (less Com.)	8849.00	28558.58	Plows	430.00		Amount Repaid by Farmers During Year						
OUTSTANDING CHEQUES OR OVERDRAFT, as at Dec. 31, 1931:			Road Drags	165.00		Bal. Owning by Dist. on Loans Dec. 31, 1931						
Mun. Acct. Outstanding Cheques	11.79		TOTAL	\$8420.00		(Standing of District with Government or Bank)						
Provincial Taxes	1461.05					Government Guarantee Seed Grain:						
School	1894.98	3367.82				Amount Repaid by Dist. on Loans during Year						
TOTAL		\$81244.77				Bal. Owning by Farmers Dec. 31, 1931						
PAYMENTS			Statement of Expenditure on Public Works									
Outstanding Cheques and, or, Overdraft Dec. 31, 1930		\$4769.26	Amt Actually Paid by M.D. during year									
ADMINISTRATION:			Divisions	Total Allocated	Labor	Machinery Repairs, Etc.	Total Paid	Amount Allocated but not Expended	Over-expended Amount Allocated			
Salaries-Secretary-Treasurer	\$1339.70		Div. 1.	\$261.05	\$2516.99	\$116.01	\$2833.00		\$22.35			
Assessor	65.00	1405.70	Div. 2.	3309.00	2885.84	219.78	3105.62	203.38				
Audit Fees \$100.00; Bond \$20.00	120.00		Div. 3.	2669.98	2420.18	182.27	2602.45	67.53				
Election Expenses	96.50		Div. 4.	2747.33	2366.63	328.60	2995.23	52.10				
Legal Expenses	21.98		Div. 5.	3413.53	2982.10	43.92	3435.02		14.47			
Rents \$24.00; Exchange \$4.21	28.21		Div. 6.	3020.85	2988.98	245.55	3234.53		213.68			
Printing, Postage and Stationery	246.27		Total	\$17776.36	\$16167.72	\$1536.13	\$17703.85	\$322.01	\$250.50			
Office Exp. \$1.00; Telephone \$3.00	31.05		(*) State how over or under-expenditure of previous year was adjusted:									
Tax Recovery Costs	154.75		Deducted or added to 1931 Accounts.									
Mun. Dist. Assoc. Fees	20.00		MUNICIPAL ASSESSMENT:									
Delegates' Expenses	62.00		Valuation:									
Council Fees (Meetings)	373.40		Land									
Freight \$1.00; Abstracts \$1.30	2.30		Acreage									
Brand Renewal	2.00		Lease Lands									
Signing Cheques	25.00		2401.62 Acres									
I. Hills	2.25	1186.78	TAX STATEMENT									
PROTECTION OF PERSON AND PROPERTY:			Assessed Value for Each Tax									
Pound Expenses	96.98		Mill Rate									
Fees and Weeds	74.24		Current Taxes									
Weed Inspector's Fees	108.00	279.22	Uncollected Dec. 31, 1930									
GRANTS, AID & RELIEF, HEALTH & SANITATION:			Penalties and Costs									
Mothers' Allowance	35.00		Total Due									
Old Age Pensions	39.50		Collections Including Costs									
Aid and Relief	34.50		Cancelled									
Medical Health Officer	278.50		Uncollected Dec. 31, 1931									
Grants-Red Cross	10.00		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 30, 1930									
Agricultural Societies (3)	75.00	495.70	Payments to Hosp. Board									
PUBLIC WORKS:			Hail Board									
Labor \$15223.36; Material \$472.88	15696.14		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Machinery and Repairs	1063.25		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Surveys	315.00		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Council Fees (Road Supervision)	290.00		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Workmen's Compensation Board	1424.50		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Purchase Road Allowance	217.44		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
L. T. O.	43.50	17708.85	Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
LOANS:			Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Municipal-Prin. \$4491.14; Int. \$167.02	4658.43		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
School-Prin. \$8084.73; Int. \$150.05	8834.78		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Hospital-Prin. \$2092.50; Int. \$50.77	2778.26	16271.47	Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
SUNDRY:			Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Refunds Overpaid Taxes	29.63		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
TRUST MONIES REMITTED:			Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Supp. Revenue	3262.32		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Educational	450.76		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Wild Lands	4293.38		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
To Hospitals	4540.49		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
To Hall Board	30.00		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
School Districts-Request Board	1424.50		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Reported Arrears	9011.44		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Seed Grain and Feed Relief	77.00	34792.89	Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
BALANCES DEC. 31st, 1931:			Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Municipal Account-In Bank	232.87		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Cash on Hand	55.07		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Prov. Taxes Trust Acct-In Bank	1490.00		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Cash on Hand	23.98		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Hospital Tax Trust Acct-In Bank	397.35		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Cash on Hand	27.59		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
School Taxes Trust Acct-In Bank	2087.25		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Cash on Hand	100.56	4313.27	Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
TOTAL		\$81244.77	Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Number of Resident Farmers in District	320		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Estimated Population of District	1300		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
No. of Unsubdivided Parcels under Taxation	1152		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
No. of Unsubdivided Parcels Exempt from Taxation	44		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Total number of Parcels in Municipal District	1296		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
VERIFICATION OF CASH ON HAND AT DECEMBER 31st, 1931			Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Cash on Hand at Dec. 31, 1931 (as per above Cash Statement)	\$207.20		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Less Deposited in Bank between Dec. 31, 1931 and Date of Audit	207.20		Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
AUDITOR'S STATEMENT.			Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
I have audited the accounts of the Municipal District of Buffalo Coulee No. 453 for the year ending 31st December, 1931, and have compared the said accounts with their relative vouchers and certify that in my opinion the foregoing financial statements are properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the financial affairs of the Municipality, according to the best of my information, the explanations given to me, and as shown by the records, subject to any qualifications mentioned under General Remarks by Auditor.			Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
The statistical information contained herein was obtained from the books and records of the district, or from information supplied by officials of the Municipality. Dated at Manville this 25th day of January, 1932.			Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
Signed: D. M. TOD, Auditor, Manville, Alta.			Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
GENERAL REMARKS BY AUDITOR			Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
\$10.00 to be transferred from Mun. Acct. to Sup. Acct.			Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									
79 Cents to be transferred from Mun. Acct. to Hos. Acct.			Amount Col. D. but not Paid Dec. 31, 1931									